

# MACRA is part of a broader push towards value and quality

In January 2015, the Department of Health and Human Services announced **new goals** for **value-based payments** and **APMs in Medicare** 

#### **Medicare Fee-for-Service**

GOAL 1:

Medicare payments are tied to quality or value through alternative payment models (categories 3-4) by the end of 2016, and 50% by the end of 2018

30%



GOAL 2:

Medicare fee-for-service payments are tied to quality or value (categories 2-4) by the end of 2016, and 90% by the end of 2018

**85**% **9** 





Consumers | Businesses
Payers | Providers
State Partners



Set **internal goals** for HHS

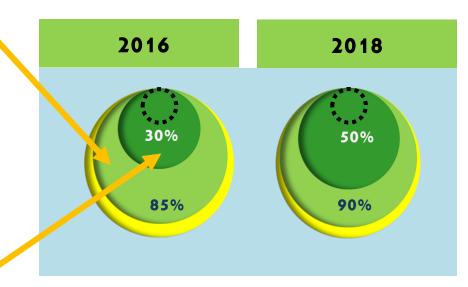


#### MACRA moves us closer to meeting these goals...

The new Merit-based Incentive Payment System helps to link fee-for-service payments to quality and value.

The law also provides incentives for participation in Alternative Payment Models in general and bonus payments to those in the most highly advanced APMs

#### **New HHS Goals:**





**All** Medicare fee-for-service (FFS) payments (Categories 1-4)

Medicare FFS payments linked to quality and value (Categories 2-4)

Medicare payments linked to quality and value via APMs (Categories 3-4)

Medicare-Payments to those in the most highly advanced APMs under MACRA

#### ...and toward transforming our health care system.

#### 3 goals for our health care system:

## BETTER care SMARTER spending HEALTHIER people



**Incentives** 

Via a focus on 3 areas



Care Delivery



Information Sharing

### What is "MACRA"?

The Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015 (MACRA) is a bipartisan legislation signed into law on April 16, 2015.

What does Title I of MACRA do?

- Repeals the Sustainable Growth Rate (SGR) Formula
- Changes the way that Medicare rewards clinicians for value over volume
- Streamlines multiple quality programs under the new Merit-Based Incentive Payments System (MIPS)
- Provides bonus payments for participation in <u>eligible</u> alternative payment models (APMs)

### **MACRA Goals**

#### Through MACRA, HHS aims to:

- Offer multiple pathways with varying levels of risk and reward for providers to tie more of their payments to value.
- Over time, **expand the opportunities** for a broad range of providers to participate in APMs.
- Minimize additional reporting burdens for APM participants.
- **Promote understanding** of each physician's or practitioner's status with respect to MIPS and/or APMs.
- Support **multi-payer initiatives** and the development of APMs in Medicaid, Medicare Advantage, and other payer arrangements.

# MIPS changes how Medicare links performance to payment

There are currently multiple individual **quality and value** programs for Medicare physicians and practitioners:

Physician Quality Reporting Program (PQRS) Value-Based Payment Modifier

Medicare EHR Incentive Program

**MACRA** streamlines those programs into **MIPS**:

Merit-Based Incentive Payment System (MIPS)

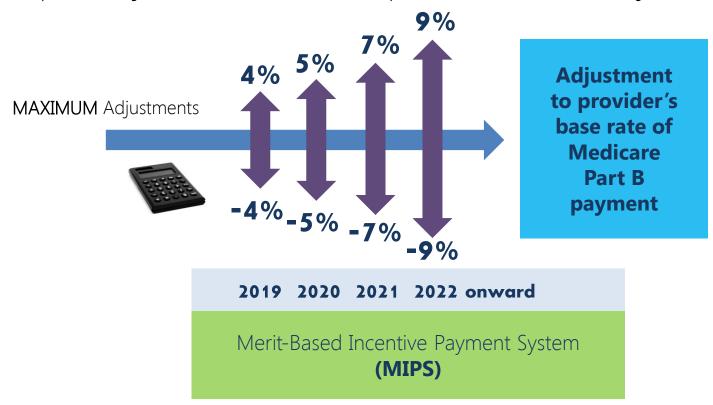
## How will physicians and practitioners be scored under MIPS?

A single MIPS composite performance score will factor in performance in 4 weighted performance categories:



### How much can MIPS adjust payments?

- Based on the MIPS **composite performance score**, physicians and practitioners will receive positive, negative, or neutral adjustments <u>up to</u> the percentages below.
- MIPS adjustments are budget neutral. A scaling factor may be applied to upward adjustments to make total upward and downward adjustments equal.



### Are there any exceptions to MIPS adjustments?

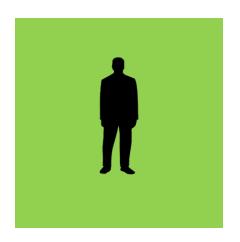
There are **3 groups** of physicians and practitioners who will NOT be subject to MIPS:



FIRST year of Medicare participation



Participants in eligible Alternative Payment Models who qualify for the bonus payment



Below low volume threshold

Note: MIPS **does not** apply to hospitals or facilities

#### **Alternative Payment Models (APMs)**

APMs are **new approaches to paying** for medical care through Medicare that **incentivize quality and value.** 

According to MACRA law, APMs include:

✓ CMS Innovation Center model (under section 1115A, other than a Health Care Innovation Award)

✓ MSSP (Medicare Shared Savings Program)

✓ Demonstration under the Health Care Quality Demonstration Program

✓ Demonstration required by Federal Law

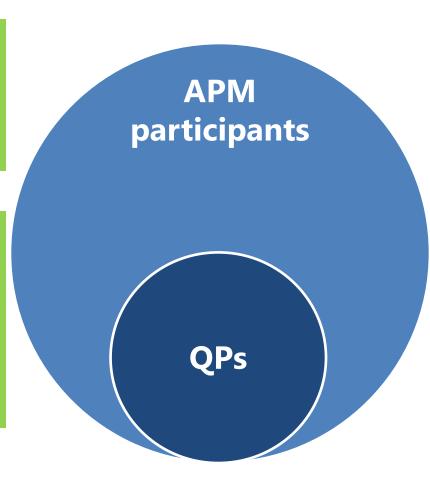
- MACRA does not change how any particular APM rewards value.
- APM participants who are not "QPs" will receive favorable scoring under MIPS
- Only some of these APMs will be eligible APMs.

## How does MACRA provide additional rewards for participation in APMs?

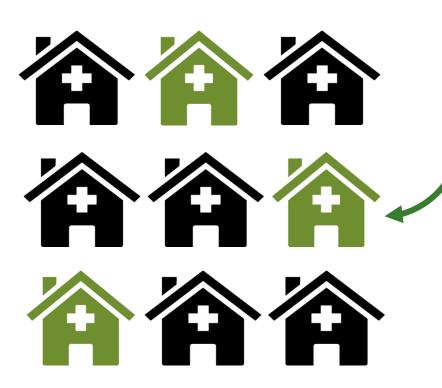
Most physicians and practitioners who participate in APMs will be subject to MIPS and will receive **favorable**scoring under the MIPS clinical practice improvement activities performance category.

Those who participate in **the most advanced** APMs may be determined to be **qualifying APM participants** ("QPs"). As a result, QPs:

- 1. Are **not subject** to MIPS
- 2. Receive 5% lump sum **bonus payments** for years 2019-2024
- 3. Receive a **higher fee schedule update** for 2026 and onward



#### What is an eligible APM?



Eligible APMs are the **most advanced** APMs that meet the following criteria according to the MACRA law:

- ✓ Base payment on quality
   measures comparable to those in
   MIPS
- Require use of certified EHR technology
- ✓ Either (1) bear more than nominal financial risk for monetary losses
   OR (2) be a medical home model expanded under CMMI authority

### How do I become a qualifying APM participant (QP)?



QPs are physicians and practitioners who have a certain **% of their patients or payments** through an **eligible** APM.

Beginning in 2021, this threshold % may be reached through a **combination** of Medicare and other **non-Medicare payer arrangements**, such as private payers and Medicaid.

#### QPs:

- 1. Are **not subject** to MIPS
- 2. Receive 5% lump sum **bonus payments** for years 2019-2024
- Receive a higher fee schedule update for 2026 and onward

#### Potential value-based financial rewards

- APMs—and eligible APMs in particular—offer greater potential risks and rewards than MIPS.
- **In addition** to those potential rewards, MACRA provides a bonus payment to providers committed to operating under the most advanced APMs.

### **MIPS** only

MIPS adjustments

#### **APMs**

## APM-specific rewards

MIPS adjustments

### eligible APMs

## eligible APMspecific rewards

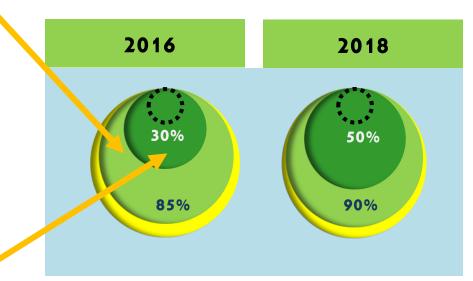
5% lump sum bonus

## Recall: How MACRA get us closer to meeting HHS payment reform goals

The Merit-based Incentive
Payment System helps to link
fee-for-service payments to
quality and value.

The law also provides incentives for participation in Alternative Payment Models via the bonus payment for Qualifying APM Participants (QPs) and favorable scoring in MIPS for APM participants who are not QPs.

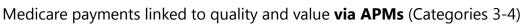
#### **New HHS Goals:**





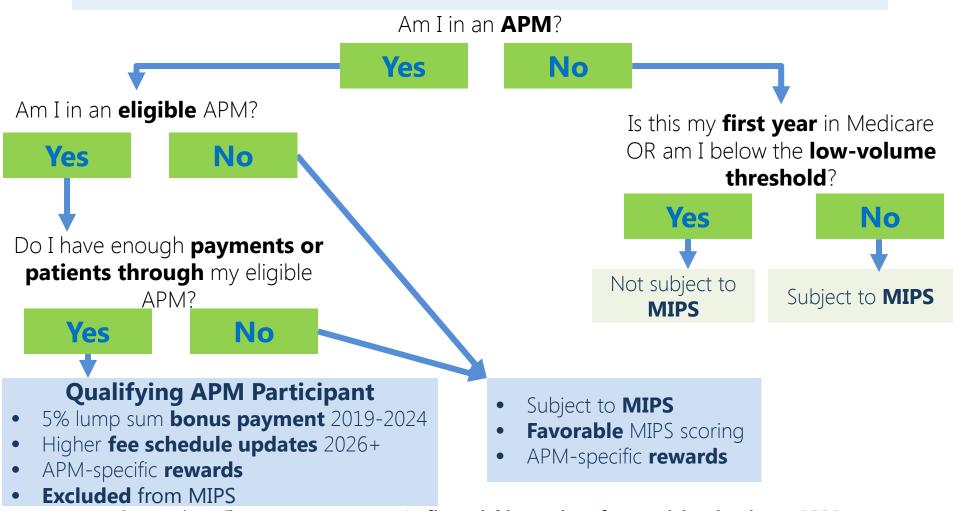
All Medicare fee-for-service (FFS) payments (Categories 1-4)

Medicare FFS payments linked to quality and value (Categories 2-4)



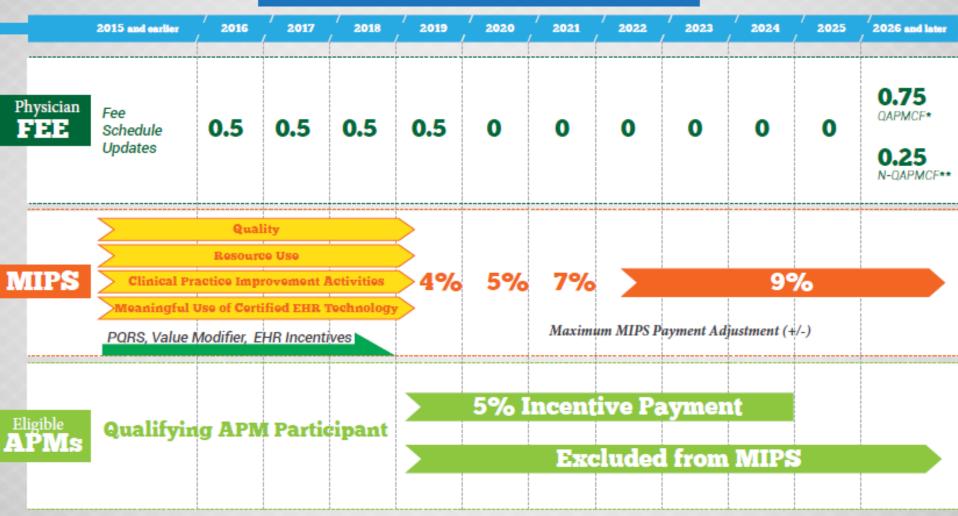
Medicare payments to QPs in eligible APMs under MACRA

#### **How will MACRA affect me?**



Bottom line: There are opportunities for financial incentives for participating in an APM, even if you don't become a QP.

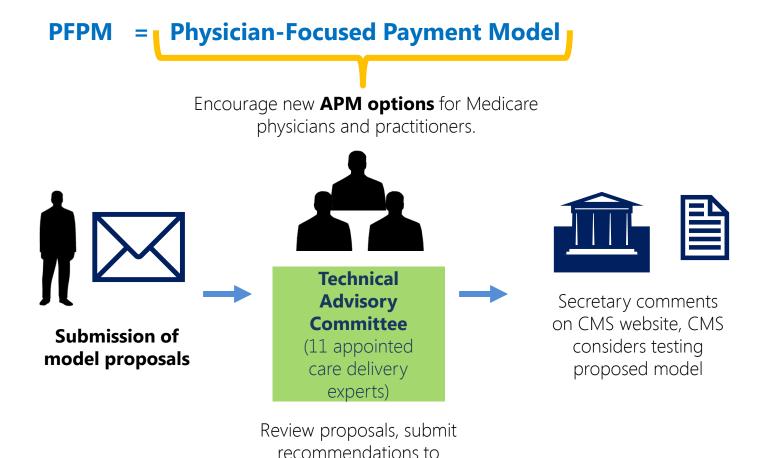
## Timeline



\*Qualifying APM conversion factor

<sup>\*\*</sup>Non-qualifying APM conversion factor

## Independent PFPM Technical Advisory Committee



**HHS Secretary** 

## What should I do to prepare for MACRA?

- Tell us your thoughts by responding to the Request for Information (RFI) by November 17: <a href="https://s3.amazonaws.com/public-inspection.federalregister.gov/2015-24906.pdf">https://s3.amazonaws.com/public-inspection.federalregister.gov/2015-24906.pdf</a>
- Look for a proposed rule in spring 2016 and provide comments on the proposals.
- Final rule targeted for early fall 2016.

### **Questions?** Comments?

For further information about MACRA MIPS/APMs and the Request for Information go to:

http://go.cms.gov/1LHY4Fg