

QUALITY PAYMENT PROGRAM



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KEY TOPICS:

- 1) The Quality Payment Program and HHS Secretary's Goals**
- 2) What is the Quality Payment Program?**
- 3) How do I submit comments on the proposed rule?**
- 4) The Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS)**
- 5) Incentives for participation in Advanced Alternative Payment Models (Advanced APMs)**
- 6) What are the next steps?**

The Quality Payment Program is part of a broader push towards value and quality

In January 2015, the Department of Health and Human Services announced **new goals** for **value-based payments** and **APMs in Medicare**

Medicare Fee-for-Service

GOAL 1:

Medicare payments are tied to quality or value through **alternative payment models** (categories 3-4) by the end of 2016, and 50% by the end of 2018

30% 

GOAL 2:

Medicare fee-for-service payments are **tied to quality or value** (categories 2-4) by the end of 2016, and 90% by the end of 2018

85% 



STAKEHOLDERS:

Consumers | Businesses
Payers | Providers
State Partners



Set **internal goals** for HHS



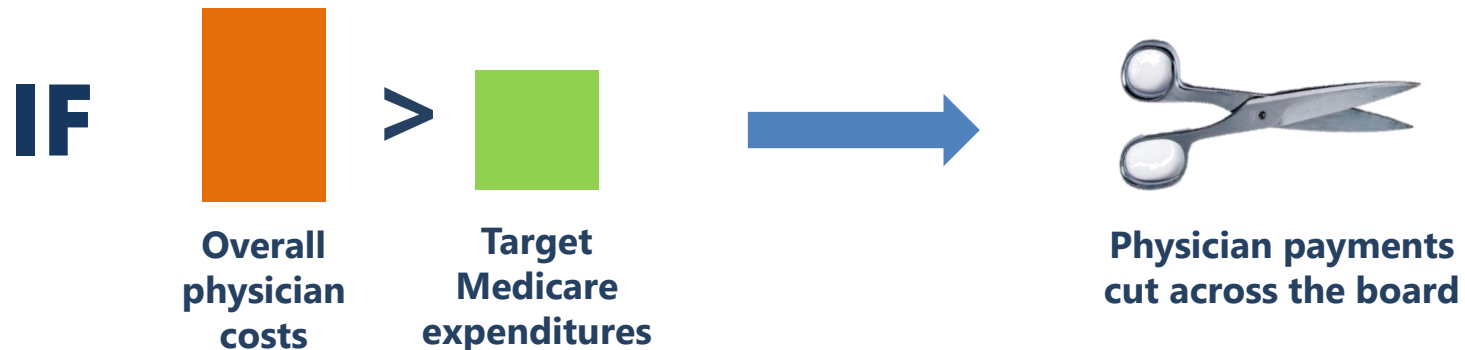
Invite **private sector payers** to match or exceed HHS goals

Medicare Payment Prior to MACRA

Fee-for-service (FFS) payment system, where clinicians are paid based on **volume** of services, not **value**.

The Sustainable Growth Rate (SGR)

- Established in 1997 to **control the cost of Medicare payments** to physicians



Each year, Congress passed temporary **“doc fixes”** to avert cuts (no fix in 2015 would have meant a **21% cut** in Medicare payments to clinicians)

INTRODUCING THE QUALITY PAYMENT PROGRAM

Quality Payment Program

- ✓ **Repeals** the Sustainable Growth Rate (SGR) Formula
- ✓ **Streamlines** multiple quality reporting programs into the new Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS)
- ✓ **Provides incentive payments** for participation in **Advanced Alternative Payment Models (APMs)**



**The Merit-based
Incentive
Payment System
(MIPS)**

or

**Advanced
Alternative
Payment Models
(APMs)**

- ✓ **First step to a fresh start**
- ✓ **We're listening and help is available**
- ✓ **A better, smarter Medicare for healthier people**
- ✓ **Pay for what works to create a Medicare that is enduring**
- ✓ **Health information needs to be open, flexible, and user-centric**

When and where do I submit comments?

- The proposed rule includes proposed changes not reviewed in this presentation. We will not consider feedback during the call as formal comments on the rule. See the proposed rule for information on submitting these comments by the close of the 60-day comment period on June 27, 2016. When commenting refer to file code CMS-5517-P.
- Instructions for submitting comments can be found in the proposed rule; FAX transmissions will not be accepted. You must officially submit your comments in one of the following ways: electronically through
 - Regulations.gov
 - by regular mail
 - by express or overnight mail
 - by hand or courier
- For additional information, please go to:
<http://go.cms.gov/QualityPaymentProgram>

MIPS: First Step to a Fresh Start

- ✓ **MIPS is a new program**
 - **Streamlines 3 currently independent programs to work as one and to ease clinician burden.**
 - **Adds a fourth component to promote ongoing improvement and innovation to clinical activities.**



Quality



Resource use



**Clinical practice
improvement
activities**



**Advancing care
information**

- ✓ **MIPS provides clinicians the flexibility to choose the activities and measures that are most meaningful to their practice to demonstrate performance.**

Medicare Reporting Prior to MACRA

Currently there are **multiple quality and value reporting programs** for Medicare clinicians:

**Physician Quality
Reporting Program
(PQRS)**

**Value-Based Payment
Modifier (VM)**

**Medicare Electronic
Health Records (EHR)
Incentive Program**

PROPOSED RULE
MIPS: Major Provisions

- ✓ **Eligibility (participants and non-participants)**
- ✓ **Performance categories & scoring**
- ✓ **Data submission**
- ✓ **Performance period & payment adjustments**

Who Will Participate in MIPS?

Affected clinicians are called “**MIPS eligible clinicians**” and will participate in MIPS. The types of **Medicare Part B** eligible clinicians affected by MIPS may expand in future years.

Years 1 and 2



**Physicians (MD/DO and DMD/DDS),
PAs, NPs, Clinical nurse specialists,
Certified registered nurse
anesthetists**

Years 3+

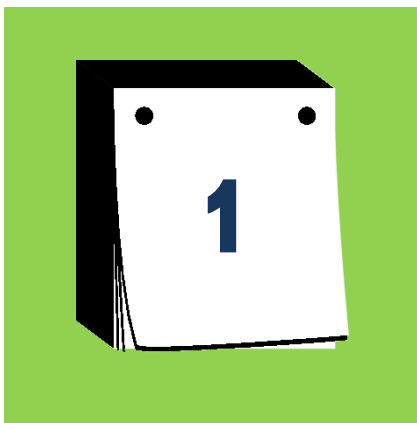
**Secretary may
broaden Eligible
Clinicians group to
include others
such as**



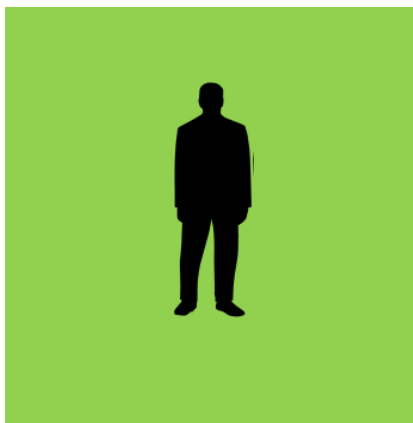
**Physical or occupational therapists,
Speech-language pathologists,
Audiologists, Nurse midwives,
Clinical social workers, Clinical
psychologists, Dietitians /
Nutritional professionals**

Who will NOT Participate in MIPS?

There are 3 groups of clinicians who will NOT be subject to MIPS:



FIRST year of Medicare Part B participation



Below **low patient volume** threshold

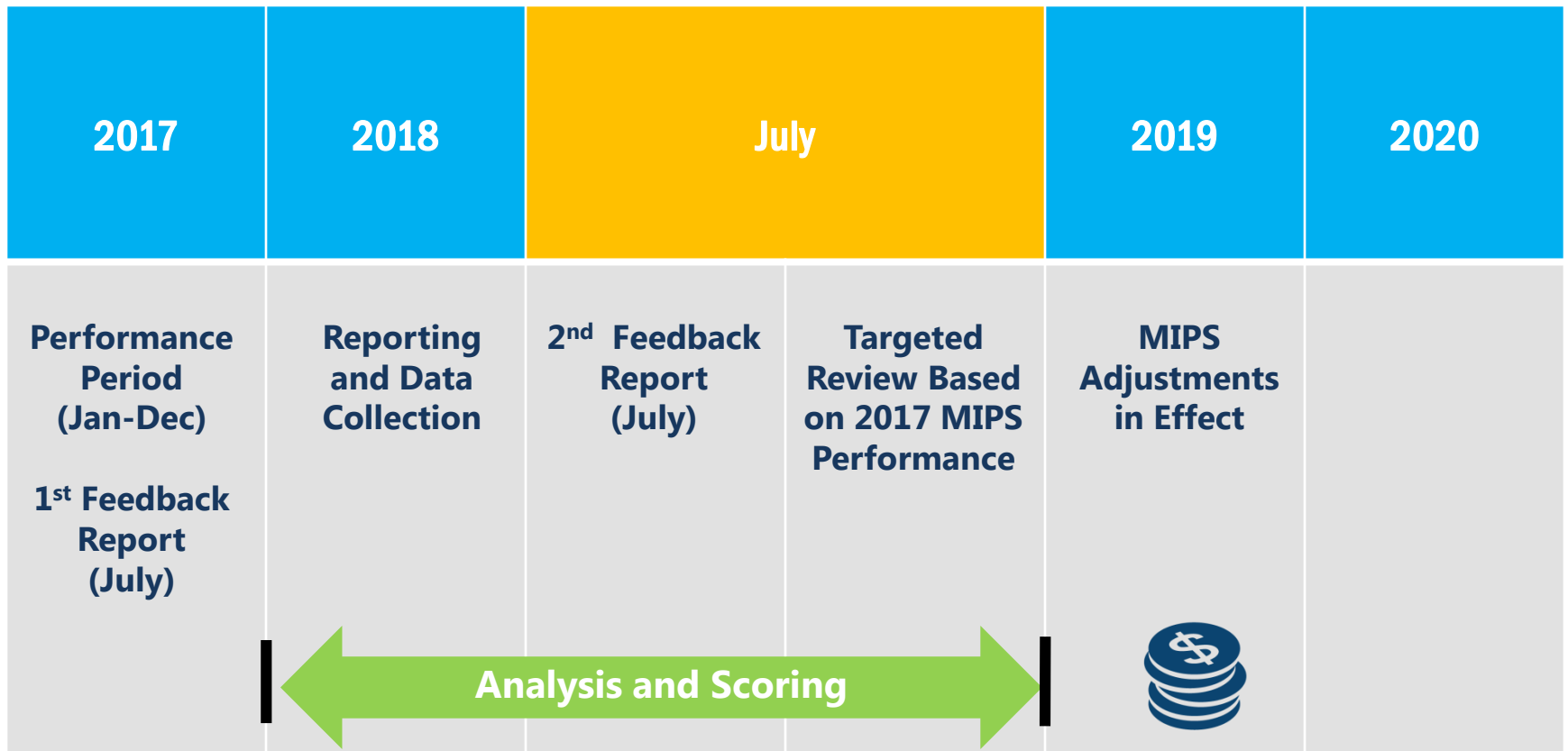


Certain participants in **ADVANCED** Alternative Payment Models

↓
Medicare billing charges less than or equal to \$10,000 and provides care for 100 or fewer Medicare patients in one year

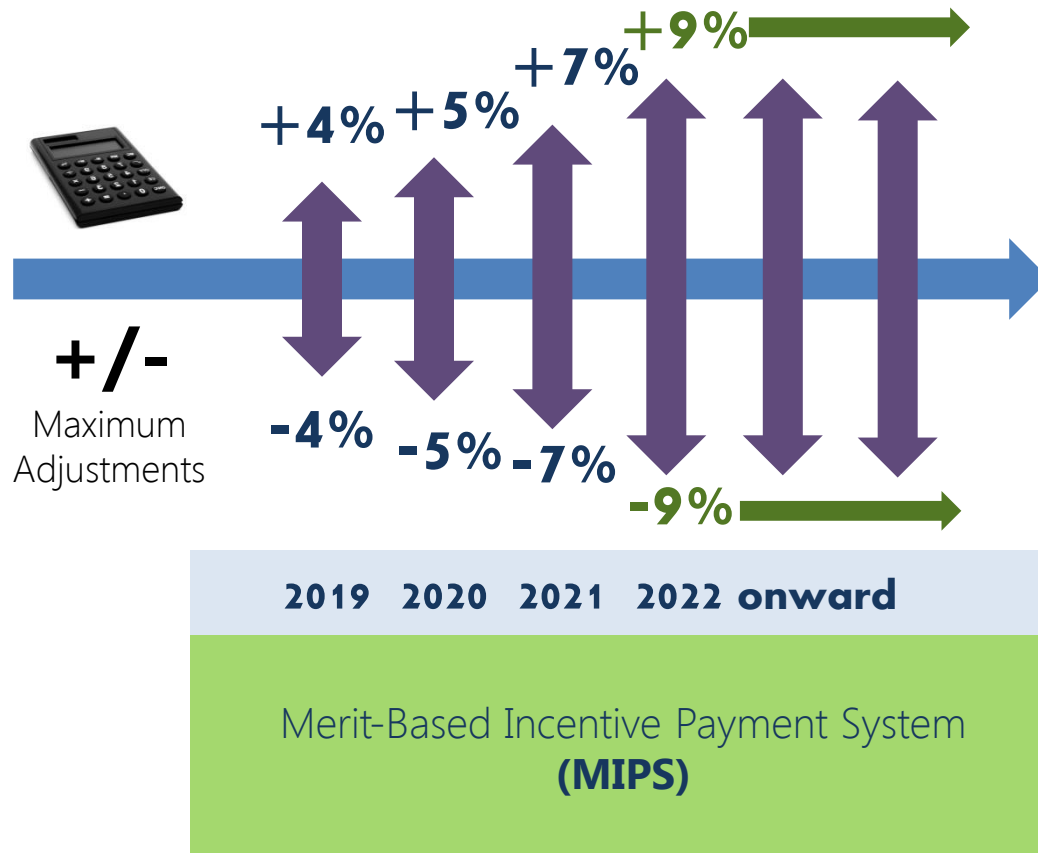
Note: MIPS **does not** apply to hospitals or facilities

PROPOSED RULE MIPS Timeline



How much can MIPS adjust payments?

Based on a MIPS Composite Performance Score, clinicians will receive +/- or neutral adjustments up to the percentages below.



The potential maximum adjustment % will increase each year from 2019 to 2022

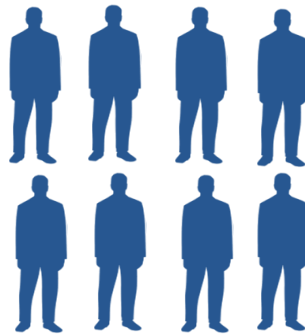
Note: Most clinicians will be subject to MIPS.

Subject to MIPS

Not in APM



In non-advanced APM



In advanced APM, but not a QP



QP in advanced APM



Some people may be in advanced APMs but not have enough payments or patients through the advanced APM to be a QP.

Note: Figure not to scale.

PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Eligible Clinicians

Eligible Clinicians can participate in MIPS as an:



Individual

Or



Group

A group, as defined by taxpayer identification number (TIN), would be assessed as a group practice across all four MIPS performance categories.

Note: "Virtual groups" will not be implemented in Year 1 of MIPS.



**PROPOSED RULE
MIPS: PERFORMANCE
CATEGORIES & SCORING**

MIPS Performance Categories

A single MIPS composite performance **score** will factor in performance in **4 weighted performance categories on a 0-100 point scale**:



Quality



**Resource
use**



**Clinical
practice
improvement
activities**

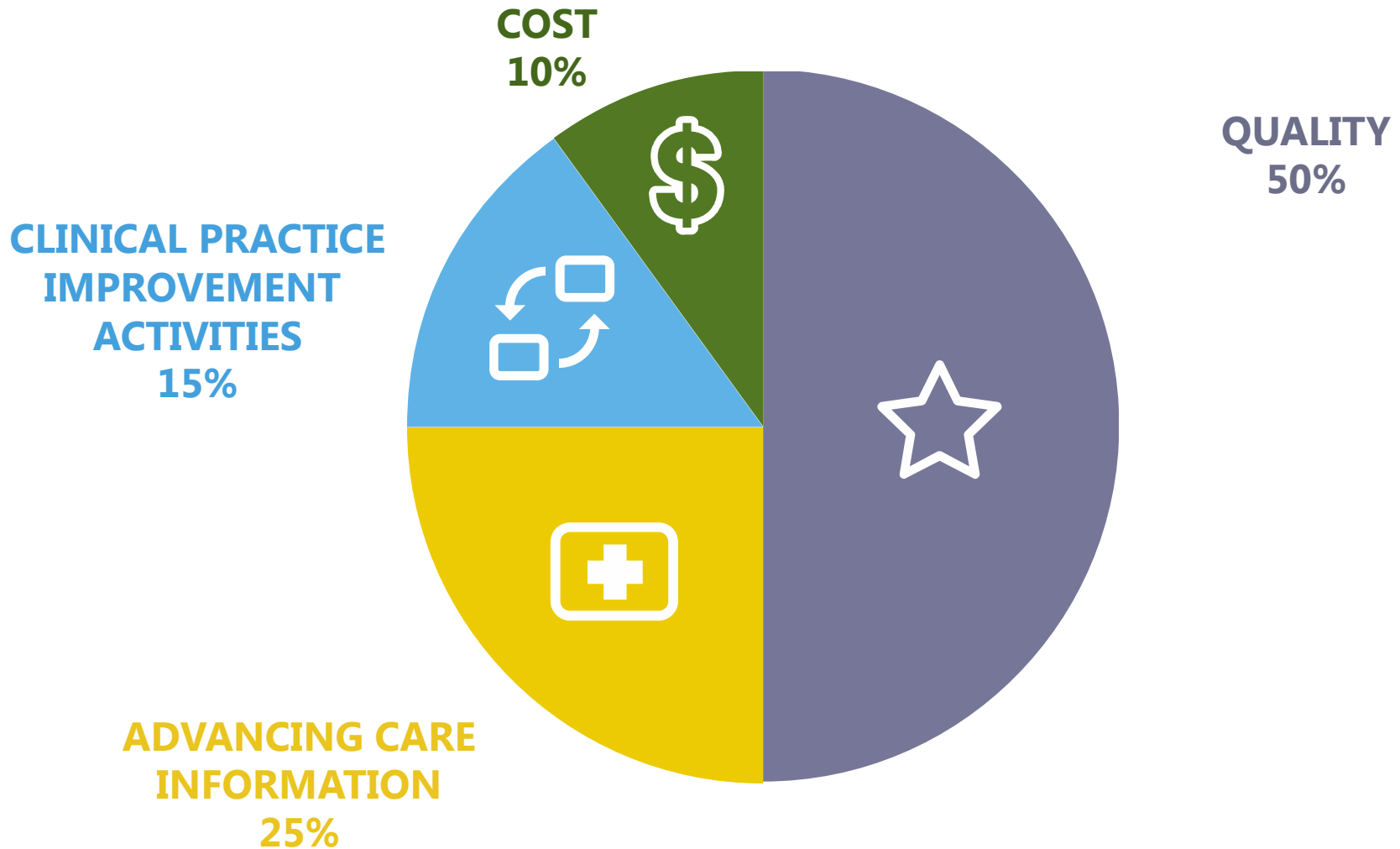


**Advancing
care
information**



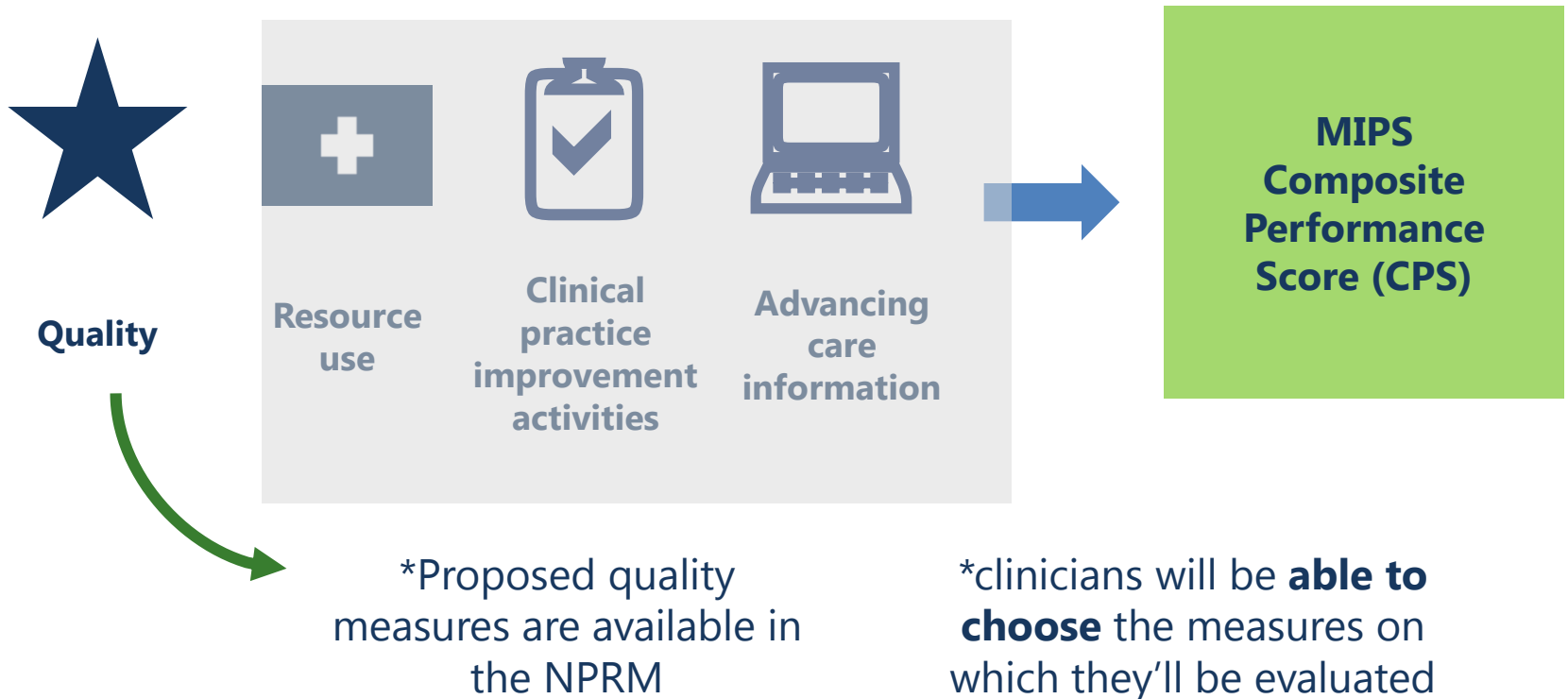
**MIPS
Composite
Performance
Score (CPS)**

Year 1 Performance Category Weights for MIPS



What will determine my MIPS score?

The MIPS composite performance **score** will factor in performance in **4 weighted performance categories on a 0-100 point scale** :



PROPOSED RULE

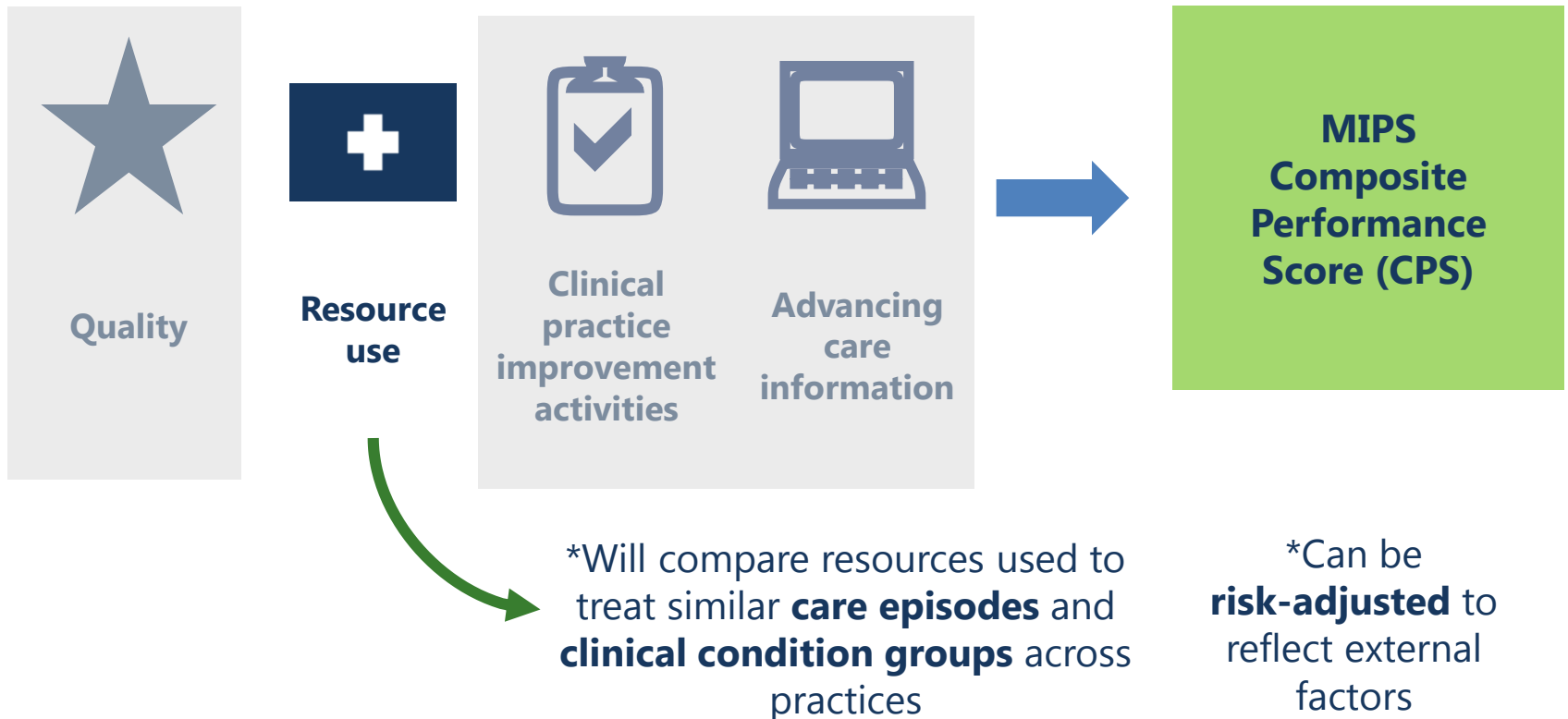
MIPS: Quality Performance Category

Summary:

- ✓ **Selection of 6 measures**
- ✓ **1 cross-cutting measure and 1 outcome measure, or another high priority measure if outcome is unavailable**
- ✓ **Select from individual measures or a specialty measure set**
- ✓ **Population measures automatically calculated**
- ✓ **Key Changes from Current Program (PQRS):**
 - **Reduced from 9 measures to 6 measures with no domain requirement**
 - **Emphasis on outcome measurement**
 - **Year 1 Weight: 50%**

What will determine my MIPS score?

The MIPS composite performance **score** will factor in performance in **4 weighted performance categories** on a **0-100 point scale** :



PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Resource Use Performance Category

Summary:

- ✓ **Assessment under all available resource use measures, as applicable to the clinician**
- ✓ **CMS calculates based on claims so there are no reporting requirements for clinicians**
- ✓ **Key Changes from Current Program (Value Modifier):**
 - **Adding 40+ episode specific measures to address specialty concerns**
 - **Year 1 Weight: 10%**

What will determine my MIPS score?

The MIPS composite performance **score** will factor in performance in **4 weighted performance categories on a 0-100 point scale** :



*Examples include care coordination, shared decision-making, safety checklists, expanding practice access

PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Clinical Practice Improvement Activity Performance Category

Summary:

- ✓ **To not receive a zero score, a minimum selection of one CPIA activity (from 90+ proposed activities) with additional credit for more activities**
- ✓ **Full credit for patient-centered medical home**
- ✓ **Minimum of half credit for APM participation**
- ✓ **Key Changes from Current Program:**
 - **Not applicable (new category)**
 - **Year 1 Weight: 15%**

What will determine my MIPS score?

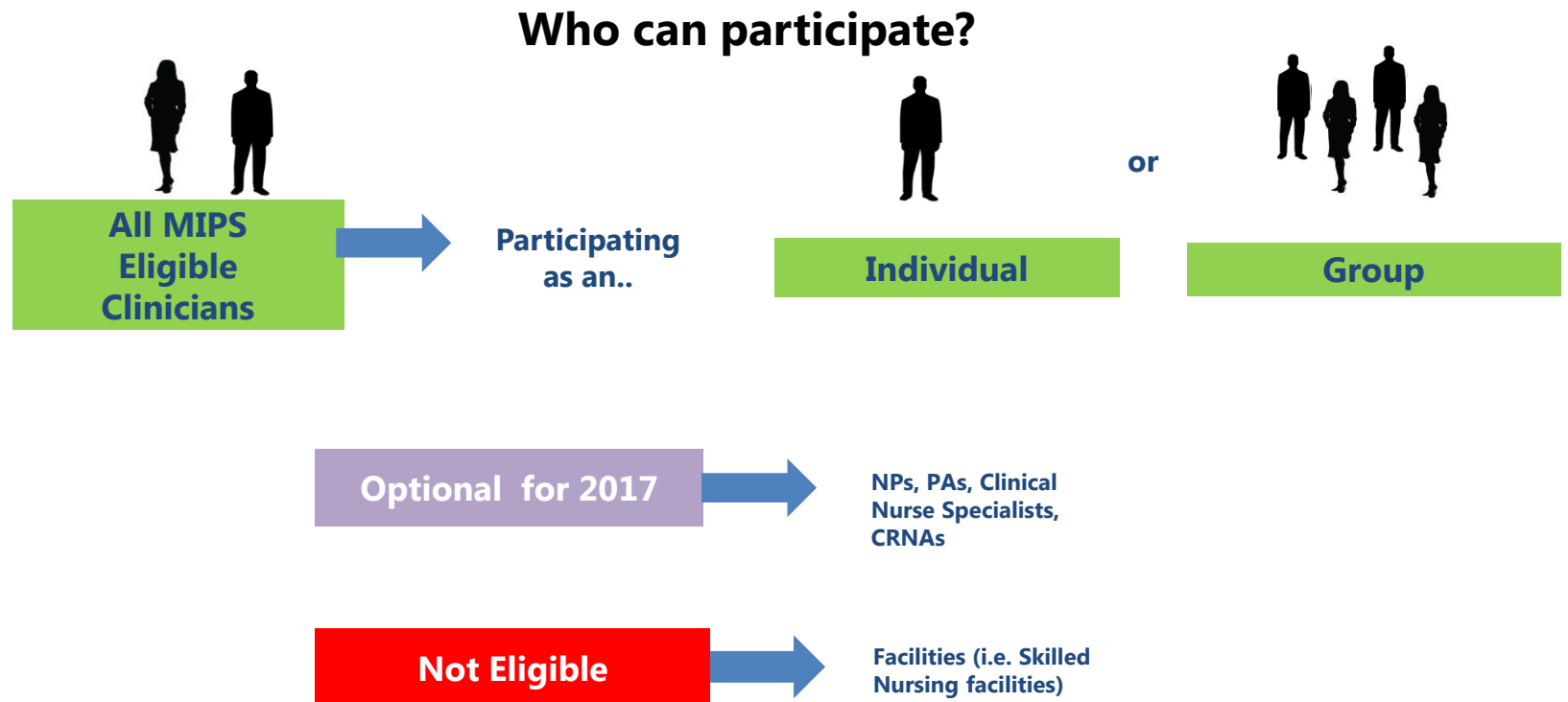
The MIPS composite performance **score** will factor in performance in **4 weighted performance categories on a 0-100 point scale** :



* % weight of this **may decrease** as more users adopt EHR

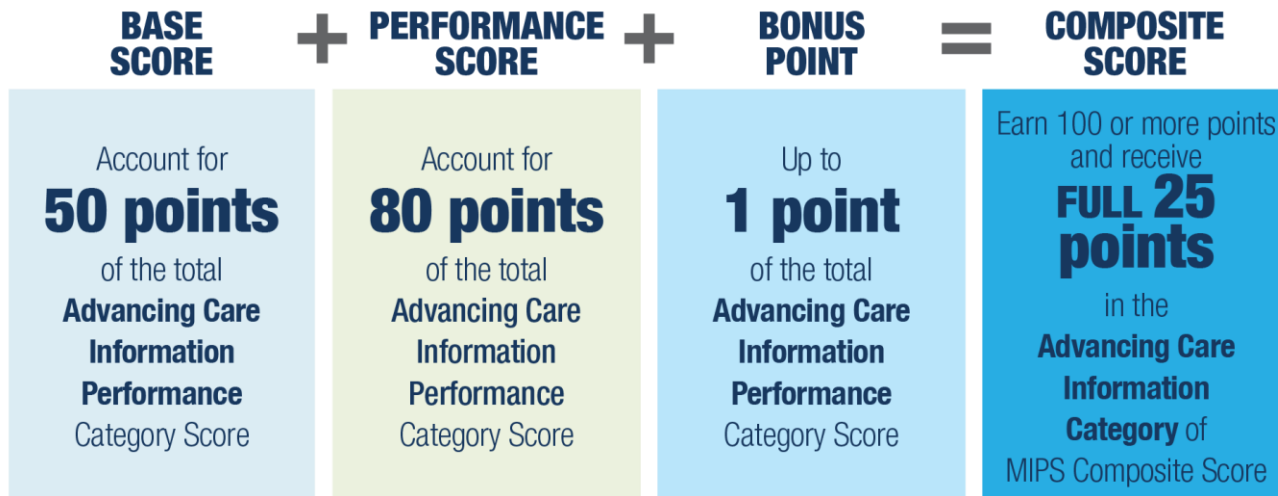
PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Advancing Care Information Performance Category



PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Advancing Care Information Performance Category



The overall Advancing Care Information score would be made up of a base score and a performance score for a maximum score of 100 points

PROPOSED RULE
**MIPS: Advancing Care Information
Performance Category**

Base Score
**Accounts for 50 points of the total Advancing
Care Information category score.**

**To receive the base score, physicians must simply
provide the numerator/denominator or yes/no for each
objective and measure**

PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Advancing Care Information Performance Category

CMS proposes six objectives and their measures that would require reporting for the base score:



**Protect Patient Health
Information**
(yes required)



**Electronic
Prescribing**
(numerator/denominator)



**Patient Electronic
Access**
(numerator/denominator)



**Coordination of Care Through
Patient Engagement**
(numerator/denominator)



**Health Information
Exchange**
(numerator/denominator)



**Public Health and Clinical Data
Registry Reporting**
(yes required)

PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Advancing Care Information Performance Category

THE PERFORMANCE SCORE

The performance score accounts for up to 80 points towards the total Advancing Care Information category score

Physicians select the measures that best fit their practice from the following objectives, which emphasize patient care and information access:



Patient Electronic Access



**Coordination of Care Through
Patient Engagement**



Health Information Exchange

PROPOSED RULE





MIPS: Advancing Care Information Performance Category

Summary:

- ✓ **Scoring based on key measures of health IT interoperability and information exchange.**
- ✓ **Flexible scoring for all measures to promote care coordination for better patient outcomes**
- ✓ **Key Changes from Current Program (EHR Incentive):**
 - **Dropped “all or nothing” threshold for measurement**
 - **Removed redundant measures to alleviate reporting burden.**
 - **Eliminated Clinical Provider Order Entry and Clinical Decision Support objectives**
 - **Reduced the number of required public health registries to which clinicians must report**
 - **Year 1 Weight: 25%**

PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Performance Category Scoring

Summary of MIPS Performance Categories		
Performance Category	Maximum Possible Points per Performance Category	Percentage of Overall MIPS Score (Performance Year 1 - 2017)
 <p>Quality: Clinicians choose six measures to report to CMS that best reflect their practice. One of these measures must be an outcome measure or a high-value measure and one must be a crosscutting measure. Clinicians also can choose to report a specialty measure set.</p>	80 to 90 points depending on group size	50 percent
 <p>Advancing Care Information: Clinicians will report key measures of interoperability and information exchange. Clinicians are rewarded for their performance on measures that matter most to them.</p>	100 points	25 percent
 <p>Clinical Practice Improvement Activities: Clinicians can choose the activities best suited for their practice; the rule proposes over 90 activities from which to choose. Clinicians participating in medical homes earn “full credit” in this category, and those participating in Advanced APMs will earn at least half credit.</p>	60 points	15 percent
 <p>Cost: CMS will calculate these measures based on claims and availability of sufficient volume. Clinicians do not need to report anything.</p>	Average score of all cost measures that can be attributed	10 percent

PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Calculating the Composite Performance Score (CPS) for MIPS

A single MIPS composite performance **score** will factor in performance in **4 weighted performance categories** on a **0-100 point scale** :



Quality



Resource
use



Clinical
practice
improvement
activities



Advancing
care
information



MIPS
Composite
Performance
Score (CPS)





The CPS will be compared to the MIPS performance threshold to determine the adjustment percentage the eligible clinician will receive.

PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Calculating the Composite Performance Score (CPS) for MIPS

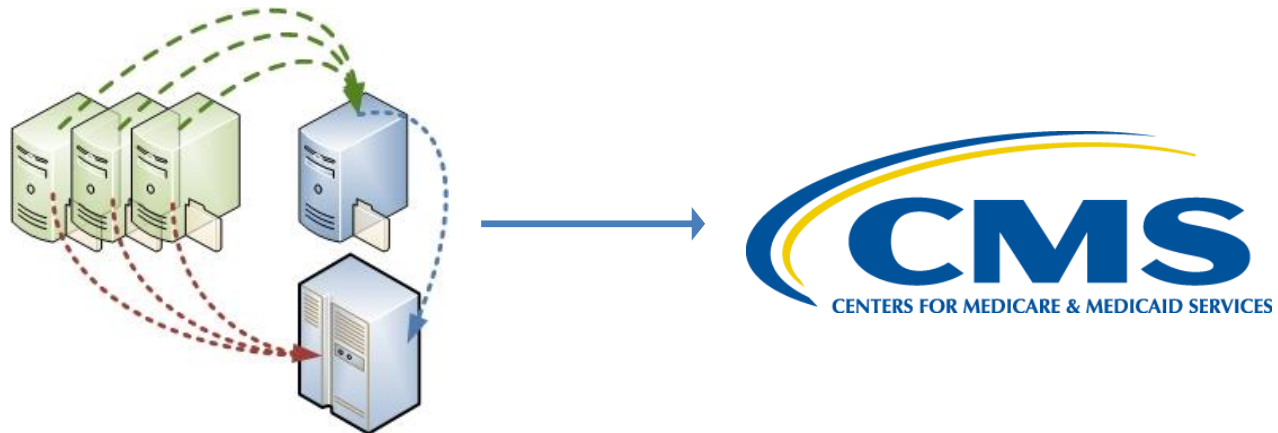
- ✓ **MIPS composite performance scoring method that accounts for:**
 - **Weights of each performance category**
 - **Exceptional performance factors**
 - **Availability and applicability of measures for different categories of clinicians**
 - **Group performance**
 - **The special circumstances of small practices, practices located in rural areas, and non-patient-facing MIPS eligible clinicians**

Calculating the Composite Performance Score (CPS) for MIPS

Category	Weight	Scoring
 Quality	50%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Each measure 1-10 points compared to historical benchmark (if avail.) 0 points for a measure that is not reported Bonus for reporting outcomes, patient experience, appropriate use, patient safety and EHR reporting Measures are averaged to get a score for the category
 Advancing care information	25%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Base score of 50 points is achieved by reporting at least one use case for each available measure Up to 10 additional performance points available per measure Total cap of 100 percentage points available
 CPIA	15%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Each activity worth 10 points; double weight for "high" value activities; sum of activity points compared to a target
 Resource Use	10%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Similar to quality

- ✓ Unified scoring system:
 1. Converts measures/activities to points
 2. Eligible Clinicians will know in advance what they need to do to achieve top performance
 3. Partial credit available

HOW DO I GET MY DATA TO CMS? *DATA SUBMISSION FOR MIPS*



PROPOSED RULE

MIPS Data Submission Options

Quality and Resource Use

Individual Reporting



Group Reporting



Quality

- ✓ QCDR
- ✓ Qualified Registry
- ✓ EHR
- ✓ Administrative Claims (No submission required)
- ✓ Claims

- ✓ QCDR
- ✓ Qualified Registry
- ✓ EHR
- ✓ Administrative Claims (No submission required)
- ✓ CMS Web Interface (groups of 25 or more)
- ✓ CAHPS for MIPS Survey



Resource use

- ✓ Administrative Claims (No submission required)

- ✓ Administrative Claims (No submission required)

PROPOSED RULE

MIPS Data Submission Options

Advancing Care Information and CPIA

Individual Reporting



Group Reporting



Advancing
care
information




CPIA

- ✓ Attestation
- ✓ QCDR
- ✓ Qualified Registry
- ✓ EHR

- ✓ Attestation
- ✓ QCDR
- ✓ Qualified Registry
- ✓ EHR
- ✓ Administrative Claims (No submission required)

- ✓ Attestation
- ✓ QCDR
- ✓ Qualified Registry
- ✓ EHR
- ✓ CMS Web Interface (groups of 25 or more)

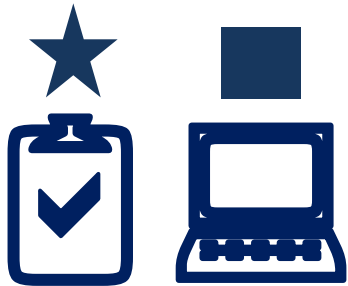
- ✓ Attestation
- ✓ QCDR
- ✓ Qualified Registry
- ✓ EHR
- ✓ CMS Web Interface (groups of 25 or more)



**PROPOSED RULE
MIPS PERFORMANCE PERIOD
& PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT**


PROPOSED RULE

MIPS Performance Period



**MIPS Performance
Period
(Begins 2017)**

- ✓ All MIPS performance categories are aligned to a performance period of one full calendar year.
- ✓ Goes into effect in first year
(2017 performance period, 2019 payment year).

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
								
Performance Period		Payment Year						

PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Payment Adjustment

- ✓ A MIPS eligible clinician's payment adjustment percentage is based on the relationship between their CPS and the MIPS performance threshold.
- ✓ A CPS below the performance threshold will yield a negative payment adjustment; a CPS above the performance threshold will yield a neutral or positive payment adjustment.
- ✓ A CPS less than or equal to 25% of the threshold will yield the maximum negative adjustment of -4%.



Quality



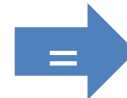
Resource
use



Clinical
practice
improvement
activities



Advancing
care
information



MIPS
Composite
Performance
Score (CPS)



PROPOSED RULE

MIPS: Payment Adjustment

- ✓ A CPS that falls at or above the threshold will yield payment adjustment of 0 to +12%, based on the degree to which the CPS exceeds the threshold and the overall CPS distribution.
- ✓ An additional bonus (not to exceed 10%) will be applied to payments to eligible clinicians with exceptional performance where CPS is equal to or greater than an “additional performance threshold,” defined as the 25th quartile of possible values above the CPS performance threshold.



Quality



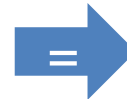
Resource
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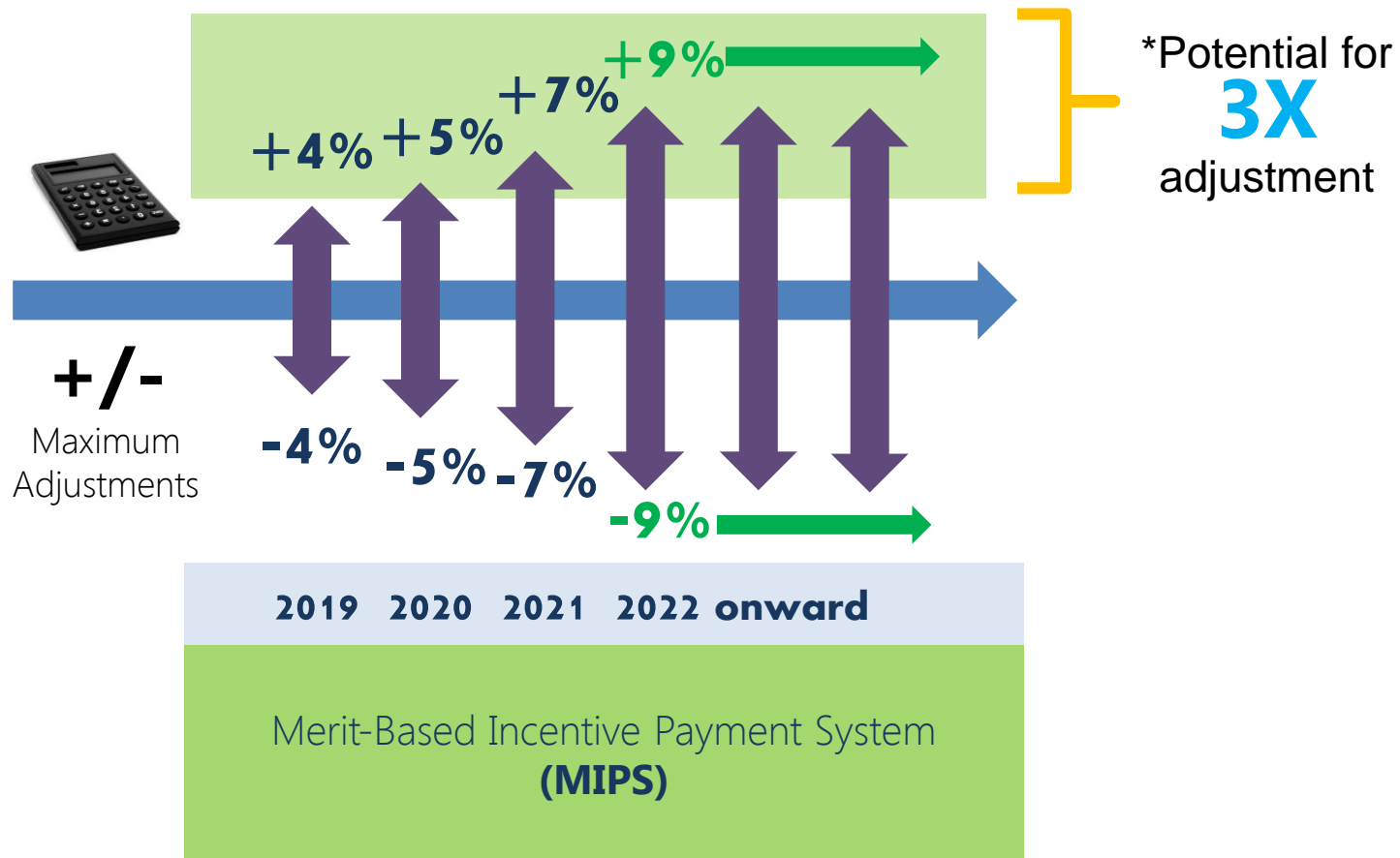
Advancing
care
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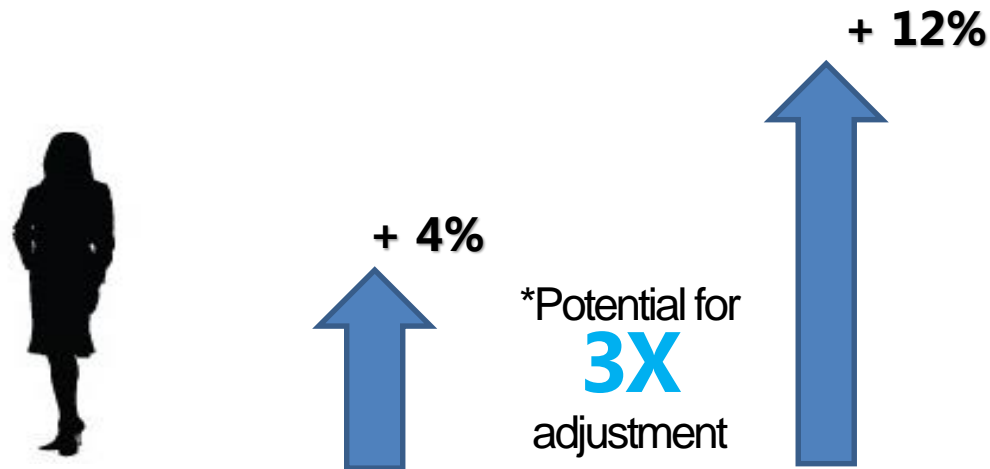
MIPS
Composite
Performance
Score (CPS)

How much can MIPS adjust payments?

Note: MIPS will be a **budget-neutral** program. Total upward and downward adjustments will be balanced so that the average change is 0%.



MIPS: Scaling Factor Example

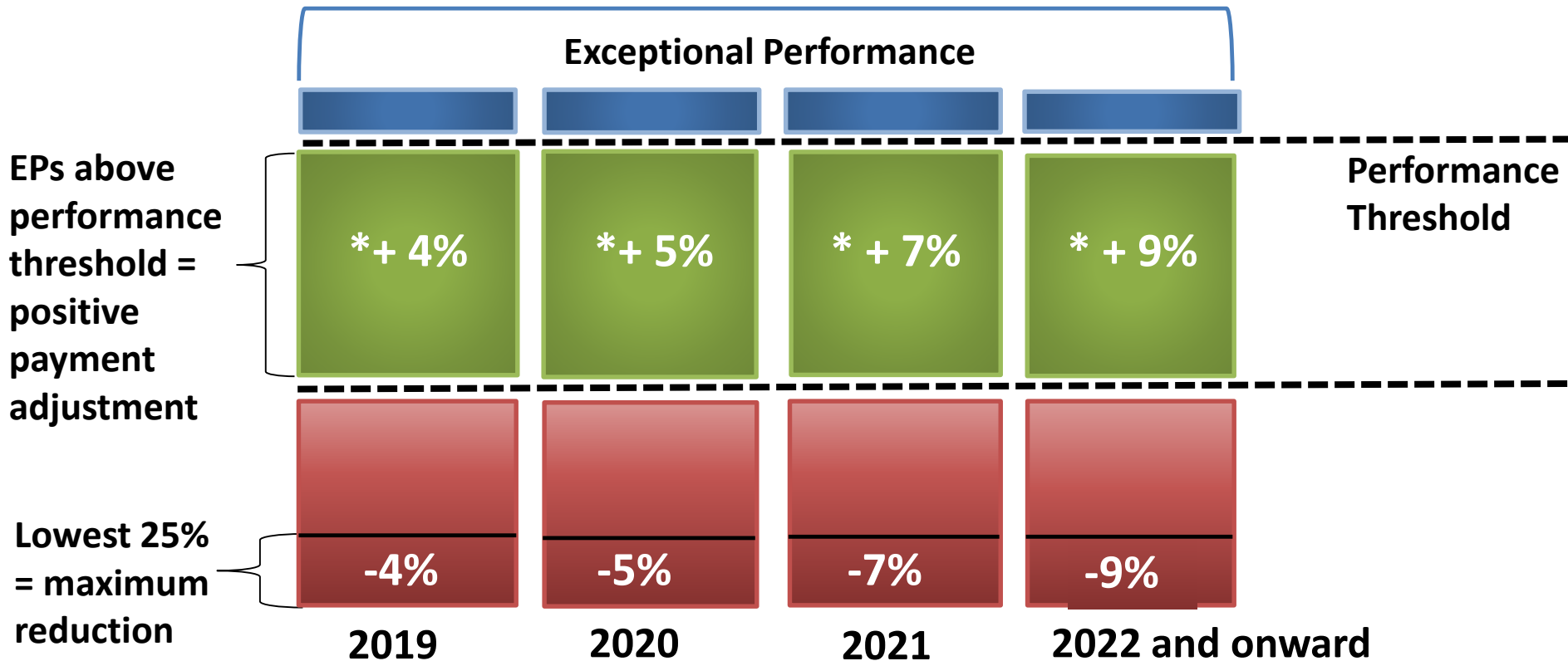


Dr. Joy Smith, who receives the +4% adjustment for MIPS, could receive up to +12% in 2019. For exceptional performance she could earn an additional adjustment factor of up to +10%.

Note: This scaling process will only apply to positive adjustments, not negative ones.

MIPS Incentive Payment Formula

Exceptional performers receive additional positive adjustment factor – up to \$500M available each year from 2019 to 2024



**MACRA allows potential 3x upward adjustment BUT unlikely*

INCENTIVES FOR ADVANCED APM PARTICIPATION

What is an Alternative Payment Model (APM)?

APMs are **new approaches to paying** for medical care through Medicare that **incentivize quality and value**.

As defined by
MACRA,
APMs
include:

- ✓ **CMS Innovation Center model** (under section 1115A, other than a Health Care Innovation Award)
- ✓ **MSSP** (Medicare Shared Savings Program)
- ✓ **Demonstration** under the Health Care Quality Demonstration Program
- ✓ **Demonstration** required by federal law

Advanced APMs meet certain criteria.



As defined by MACRA, Advanced APMs **must meet the following criteria:**

- ✓ The APM requires participants to use **certified EHR technology**.
- ✓ The APM **bases payment on quality** measures comparable to those in the MIPS quality performance category.
- ✓ The APM either: **(1)** requires APM Entities to bear more than nominal **financial risk** for monetary losses; **OR (2)** is a **Medical Home Model expanded** under CMMI authority.

PROPOSED RULE

Medical Home Models

Medical Home Models:

- ✓ Have a **unique financial risk criterion** for becoming an Advanced APM.
- ✓ Enable participants (who are not excluded from MIPS) to receive the **maximum score in the MIPS CPIA category**.



A **Medical Home Model** is an **APM** that has the following features:

- ✓ Participants include **primary care practices** or multispecialty practices that include primary care physicians and practitioners and offer primary care services.
- ✓ **Empanelment of each patient** to a primary clinician; and
- ✓ **At least four** of the following:
 - Planned coordination of chronic and preventive care.
 - Patient access and continuity of care.
 - Risk-stratified care management.
 - Coordination of care across the medical neighborhood.
 - Patient and caregiver engagement.
 - Shared decision-making.
 - Payment arrangements in addition to, or substituting for, fee-for-service payments.

NOTE: MACRA **does NOT** change how any particular APM functions or rewards value. Instead, it **creates extra incentives** for APM participation.

PROPOSED RULE

Advanced APM Criterion 1:

Requires use of CEHRT

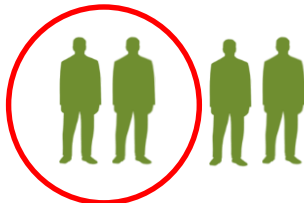


Certified
EHR use

Example: An Advanced APM has a provision in its participation agreement that at least 50% of an APM Entity's eligible clinicians must use CEHRT.



APM
Entity



Eligible
Clinicians

- ✓ An Advanced APM must **require at least 50% of the eligible clinicians in each APM Entity to use CEHRT** to document and communicate clinical care. The threshold will **increase to 75%** after the first year.
- ✓ For the **Shared Savings Program only**, the APM may apply a **penalty or reward** to APM entities based on the degree of CEHRT use among its eligible clinicians.

PROPOSED RULE

Advanced APM Criterion 2: Requires MIPS-Comparable Quality Measures



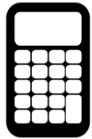
- ✓ An Advanced APM must **base payment on quality measures** comparable to those under the proposed annual list of MIPS quality performance measures;
- ✓ **No minimum** number of measures or domain requirements, **except** that an Advanced APM must have at least one **outcome measure** unless there is not an appropriate outcome measure available under MIPS.

- ✓ **Comparable** means any actual MIPS measures or other measures that are **evidence-based, reliable, and valid**. For example:
 - Quality measures that are endorsed by a consensus-based entity; or
 - Quality measures submitted in response to the MIPS Call for Quality Measures; or
 - **Any other quality measures that CMS determines to have an evidence-based focus to be reliable and valid.**

PROPOSED RULE

Advanced APM Criterion 3:

Requires APM Entities to Bear More than Nominal Financial Risk



Financial Risk

Financial Risk Standard

APM Entities must bear risk for monetary losses.

&

Nominal Amount Standard

The risk APM Entities bear must be of a certain magnitude.

An Advanced APM must meet **two standards**:

- ✓ The Advanced APM financial risk criterion is **completely met** if the APM is a **Medical Home Model** that is **expanded under CMS Innovation Center Authority**
- ✓ Medical Home Models that **have not been expanded** will have **different financial risk and nominal amount standards** than those for other APMs.

PROPOSED RULE
Advanced APM Criterion 3:
Financial Risk Criterion

Financial Risk Standard

The Advanced APM **requires** one or more of the following **if actual expenditures exceed expected expenditures:**

✓ **Direct payment** from the APM Entity

OR

✓ **Reduction in payment rates** to the APM Entity or eligible clinicians

OR

✓ **Withhold of payment** to the APM Entity or eligible clinicians

PROPOSED RULE

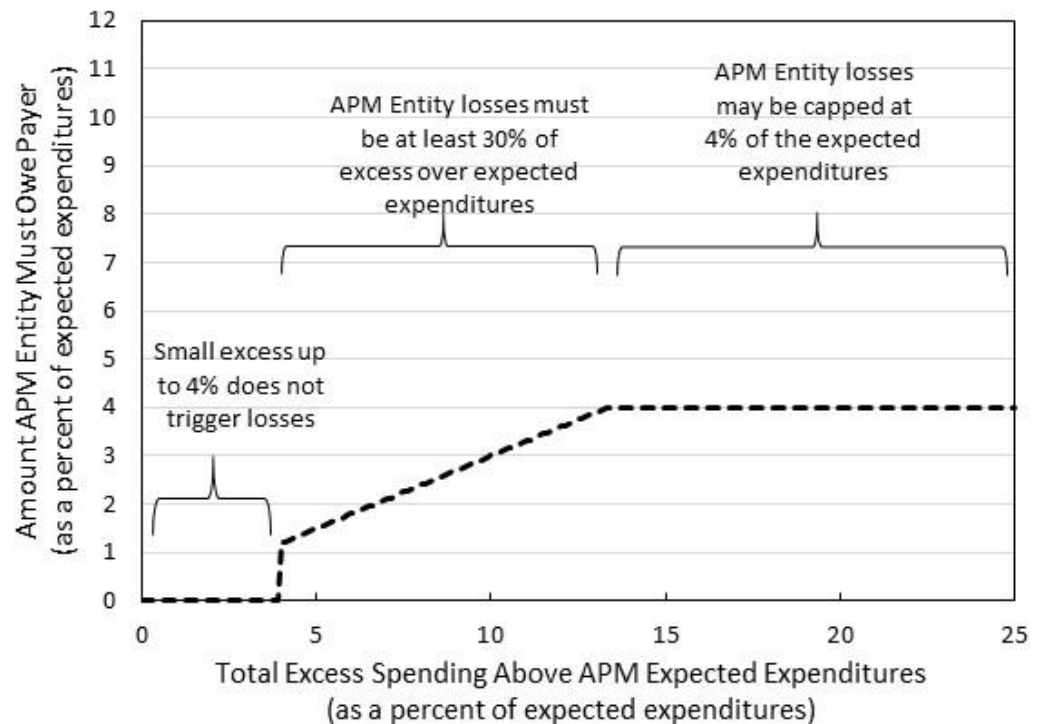
Advanced APM Criterion 3: Financial Risk Criterion

Nominal Amount Standard

The **amount of risk** under an Advanced APM must at least meet the following components:

- ✓ **Total risk** of at least 4% of expected expenditures
- ✓ **Marginal risk** of at least 30%
- ✓ **Minimum loss ratio** (MLR) of no more than 4%.

Illustration of the amount of risk an APM Entity must bear in an Advanced APM:



PROPOSED RULE

Advanced APM Criterion 3: Example

The following is an example of a risk arrangement that would **meet the Advanced APM financial risk criterion**:

An APM consists of a **two-sided** shared savings arrangement:

- ✓ If the APM Entity's actual expenditures exceed expected expenditures (the "benchmark"), then the APM Entity **must pay CMS 60% of the amount that expenditures that exceed the benchmark.**
- ✓ The APM Entity **does not have to make any payments** if actual expenditures exceed the benchmark by **less than 2%** of the benchmark amount.
- ✓ There is a **stop-loss provision** so that the APM Entity could pay up to but no more than a **total amount equal to 10%** of the benchmark.

PROPOSED RULE

Advanced APM Criterion 3: Medical Home Model Financial Risk Criterion

The Medical Home Model **requires** one or more of the following **if the APM Entity fails to meet a specified performance standard:**

Medical Home Model Financial Risk Standard

✓ **Direct payment** from the APM Entity

OR

✓ **Reduction in payment rates** to the APM Entity or eligible clinicians

OR

✓ **Withhold of payment** to the APM Entity or eligible clinicians

OR

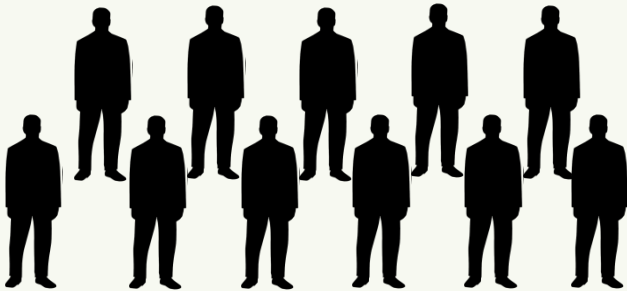
✓ **Reduces an otherwise guaranteed** payment or payments

PROPOSED RULE

Advanced APM Criterion 3: Medical Home Model Nominal Amount Standard

Medical Home Model Nominal Amount Standard:

Subject to Size Limit



The Medical Home Model standards only apply to APM Entities with ≤ 50 eligible clinicians in the APM Entity's parent organization

To be an Advanced APM, the **amount of risk** under a Medical Home Model must be at least the following amounts:

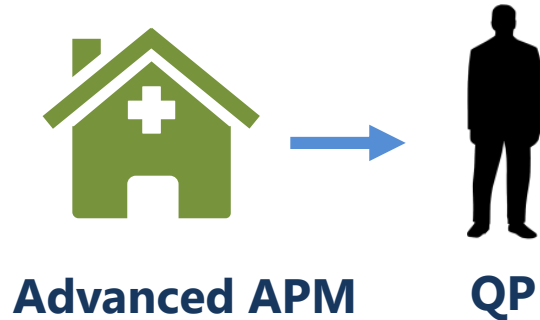
- ✓ **2.5% of Medicare Parts A and B revenue (2017)**
- ✓ **3% of Medicare Parts A and B revenue (2018)**
- ✓ **4% of Medicare Parts A and B revenue (2019)**
- ✓ **5% of Medicare Parts A and B revenue (2020 and later)**

Proposed Rule Advanced APMs

Based on the proposed criteria, which current APMs will be Advanced APMs in 2017?

- ✓ **Shared Savings Program** (Tracks 2 and 3)
- ✓ **Next Generation ACO Model**
- ✓ **Comprehensive ESRD Care (CEC)** (large dialysis organization arrangement)
- ✓ **Comprehensive Primary Care Plus (CPC+)**
- ✓ **Oncology Care Model (OCM)** (two-sided risk track available in 2018)

How do I become a **Qualifying APM Participant (QP)**?



You must have a **certain %** of your patients or payments through an **Advanced APM**.

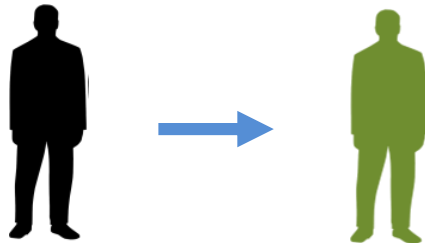


Bonus applies in 2019-2024; then QPs receive higher fee schedule updates starting in 2026

PROPOSED RULE

How do Eligible Clinicians become QPs?

Eligible Clinicians to QP in 4 STEPS



Eligible Clinicians

QP

1. QP determinations are made at the **Advanced APM Entity level**.
2. CMS calculates a **“Threshold Score”** for each Advanced APM Entity.
3. The Threshold Score for each method is compared to the corresponding **QP threshold**.
4. All the eligible clinicians in the Advanced APM Entity **become QPs** for the payment year.

- ✓ The period of assessment (QP Performance Period) for each payment year will be **the full calendar year that is two years prior to the payment year** (e.g., 2017 performance for 2019 payment).
- ✓ Aligns with the MIPS performance period.

PROPOSED RULE

How do Eligible Clinicians become QPs?

STEP 1

- ✓ QP determinations are made at the Advanced APM Entity level.
- ✓ All participating eligible clinicians are assessed together.

Advanced APM



Advanced APM Entities



Eligible Clinicians



PROPOSED RULE

How do Eligible Clinicians become QPs?

STEP 2

- ✓ CMS will calculate a percentage “Threshold Score” for each Advanced APM Entity using two methods (payment amount and patient count).
- ✓ Methods are based on Medicare Part B professional services and beneficiaries attributed to Advanced APM Entities.
- ✓ CMS will use the method that results in a more favorable QP determination for each Advanced APM Entity.

These definitions are used for calculating Threshold Scores under both methods.

Attributed (beneficiaries for whose cost and quality of care the APM Entity is responsible)

Attribution-eligible (all beneficiaries who could potentially be attributed)

PROPOSED RULE

How do Eligible Clinicians become QPs?

STEP 2

- ✓ The two methods for calculation are Payment Amount Method and Patient Count Method.

Payment Amount Method

\$\$\$ for Part B professional services to **attributed beneficiaries**

\$\$\$ for Part B professional services to **attribution-eligible beneficiaries**

= **Threshold Score %**



Payments

Patient Count Method

of **attributed beneficiaries** given Part B professional services

of **attribution-eligible beneficiaries** given Part B professional services

= **Threshold Score %**



Patients

PROPOSED RULE

How do Eligible Clinicians become QPs?

STEP 3

- ✓ The Threshold Score for each method is compared to the corresponding QP threshold table and CMS takes the better result.

Medicare Option – Payment Amount Method

Payment Year	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024+
QP Payment Amount Threshold	25%	25%	50%	50%	75%	75%
Partial QP Payment Amount Threshold	20%	20%	40%	40%	50%	50%

Medicare Option – Patient Count Method

Payment Year	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024+
QP Patient Count Threshold	20%	20%	35%	35%	50%	50%
Partial QP Patient Count Threshold	10%	10%	25%	25%	35%	35%



Payments



Patients

PROPOSED RULE

How do Eligible Clinicians become QPs?

STEP 4

- ✓ **All the eligible clinicians** in the Advanced APM Entity **become QPs** for the payment year.

Advanced APM



Threshold Scores above the QP threshold = QP status

Advanced APM Entities



Eligible Clinicians



Threshold Scores below the QP threshold = no QPs



What about private payer or Medicaid APMs? Can they help me qualify to be a QP?

Starting in **2021**, **some** arrangements with other non-Medicare payers can **count toward** becoming a QP.

**“All-Payer
Combination
Option”**

IF the “Other Payer APMs” meet criteria similar to those for Advanced APMs, CMS will consider them “Other Payer Advanced APMs”:



**Certified
EHR use**



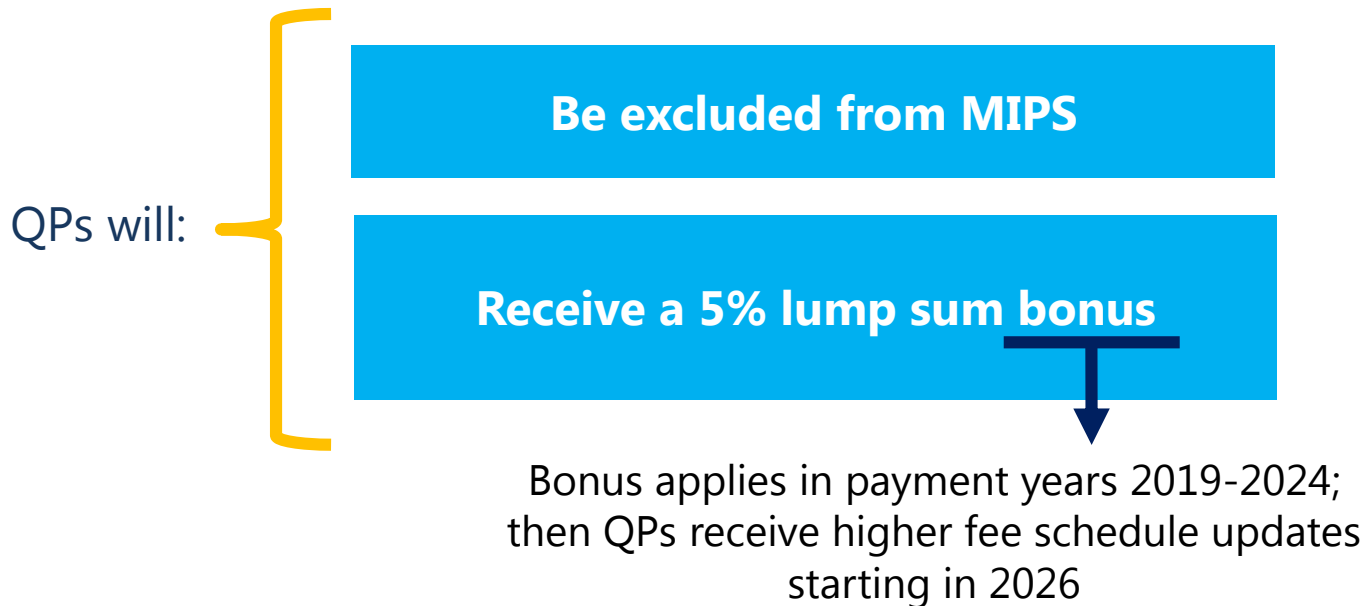
**Quality
Measures**



**Financial
Risk**

PROPOSED RULE

APM Incentive Payment



- ✓ The “APM Incentive Payment” will be based on the estimated aggregate payments for professional services furnished the year prior to the payment year.
- ✓ E.g., the 2019 APM Incentive Payment will be based on 2018 services.


PROPOSED RULE

QP Determination and APM Incentive Payment Timeline

2017	2018	2019
QP Performance Period	Incentive Payment Base Period	Payment Year
QP status based on Advanced APM participation here.	Add up payments for a QP's services here.	+5% lump sum payment made here. (and excluded from MIPS adjustments)

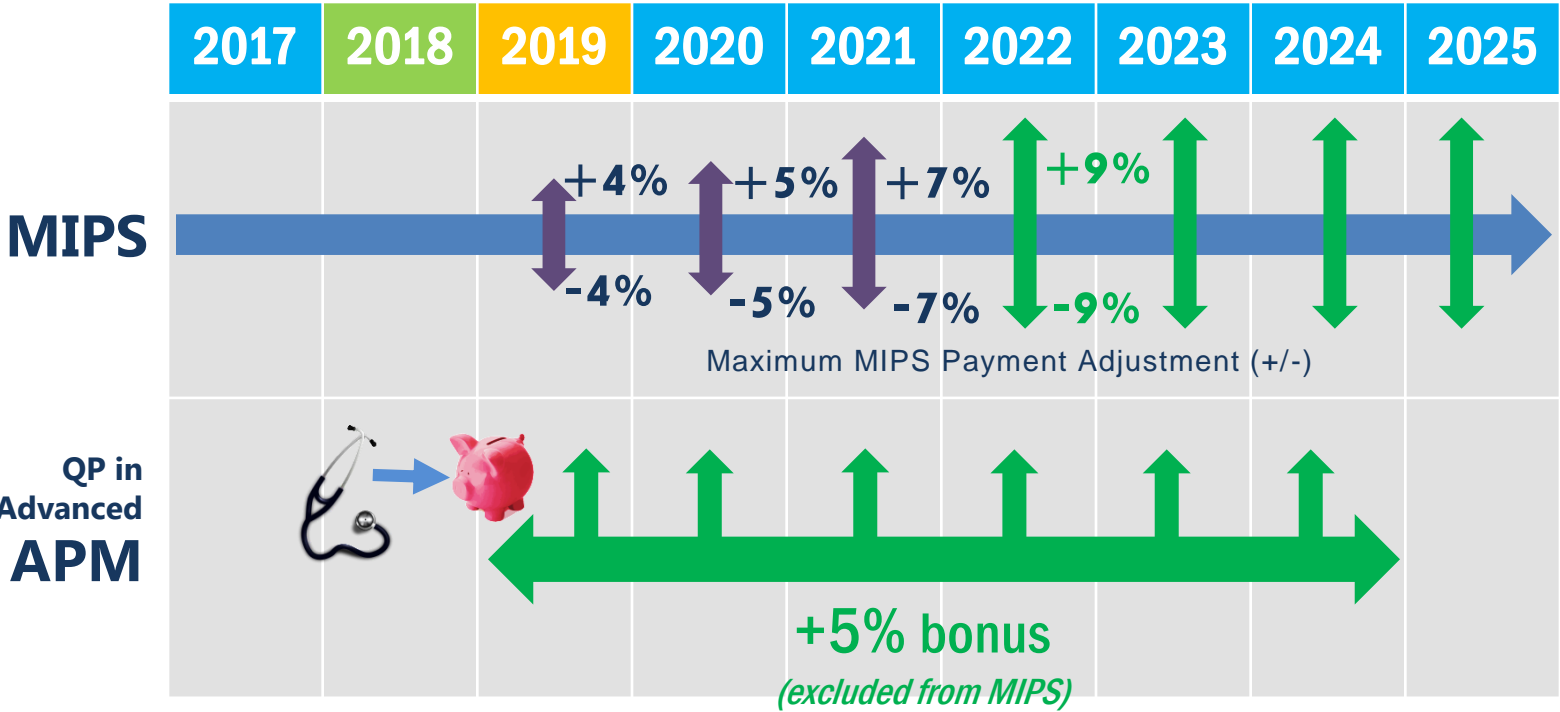
2018	2019	2020
QP Performance Period	Incentive Payment Base Period	Payment Year

Repeat the cycle each year...

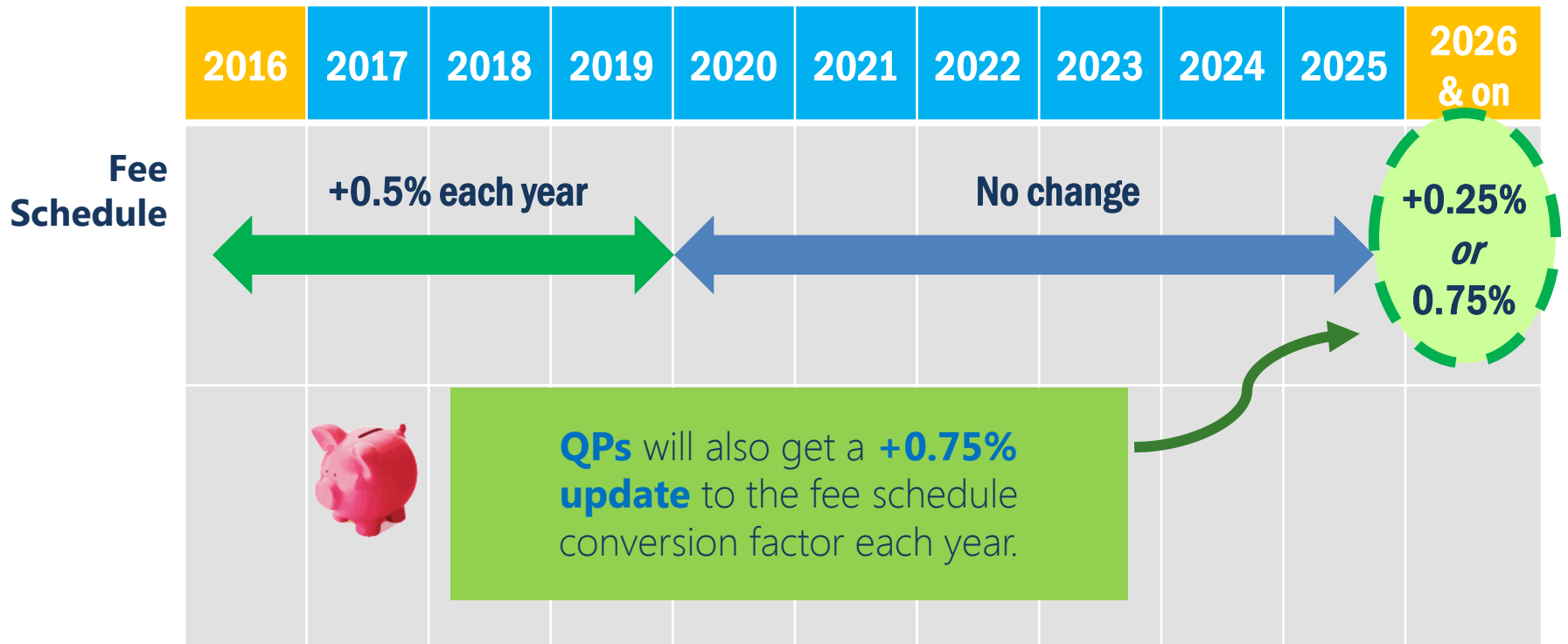
A vintage brass alarm clock with two bells on top, resting on a wooden surface. The clock face is visible, showing numbers from 1 to 12 and a small sub-dial. The background is a soft, out-of-focus light color.

When will these Quality Payment Program provisions take effect?

MIPS adjustments and APM Incentive Payment will begin in 2019.

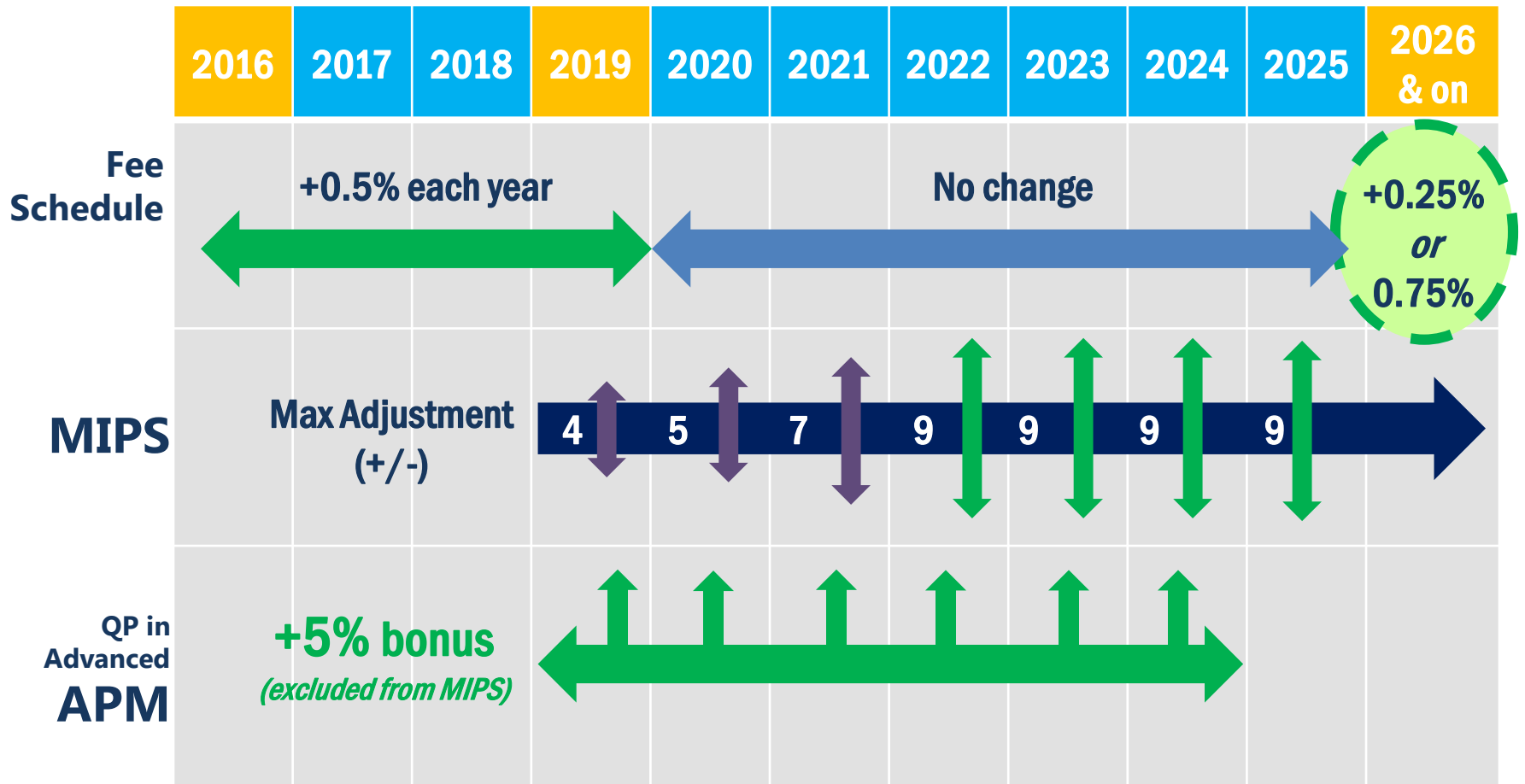


Fee schedule updates begin in 2016.



Everyone else will get a **+0.25%** update.

Putting it all together:



MACRA provides **additional** rewards for participating in **APMs**.



Potential financial rewards

Not in APM

In APM

In *Advanced* APM

The Quality Payment Program provides **additional** rewards for participating in **APMs**.



Potential financial rewards

Not in APM

In APM

In *Advanced* APM

MIPS adjustments

The Quality Payment Program provides **additional** rewards for participating in **APMs**.



Potential financial rewards

Not in APM

MIPS adjustments

In APM

MIPS adjustments

+

APM-specific
rewards

In *Advanced* APM

APM participation = **favorable scoring** in certain MIPS categories

The Quality Payment Program provides **additional** rewards for participating in **APMs**.



Potential financial rewards

Not in APM

MIPS adjustments

In APM

MIPS adjustments

+

APM-specific
rewards

In **Advanced** APM

APM-specific
rewards

+

**5% lump sum
bonus**

If you are a
**Qualifying APM
Participant (QP)**

TAKE-AWAY POINTS

- 1) The Quality Payment Program **changes the way Medicare pays clinicians** and offers financial **incentives** for providing high **value** care.
- 2) Medicare **Part B clinicians** will participate in the **MIPS**, unless they are in their 1st year of Part B participation, become QPs through participation in **Advanced APMs**, or have a low volume of patients.
- 3) Payment adjustments and bonuses will begin in **2019**.



**Other than payment adjustments,
what else does MACRA change?**

MACRA supports care delivery and promotes innovation.

Such as:

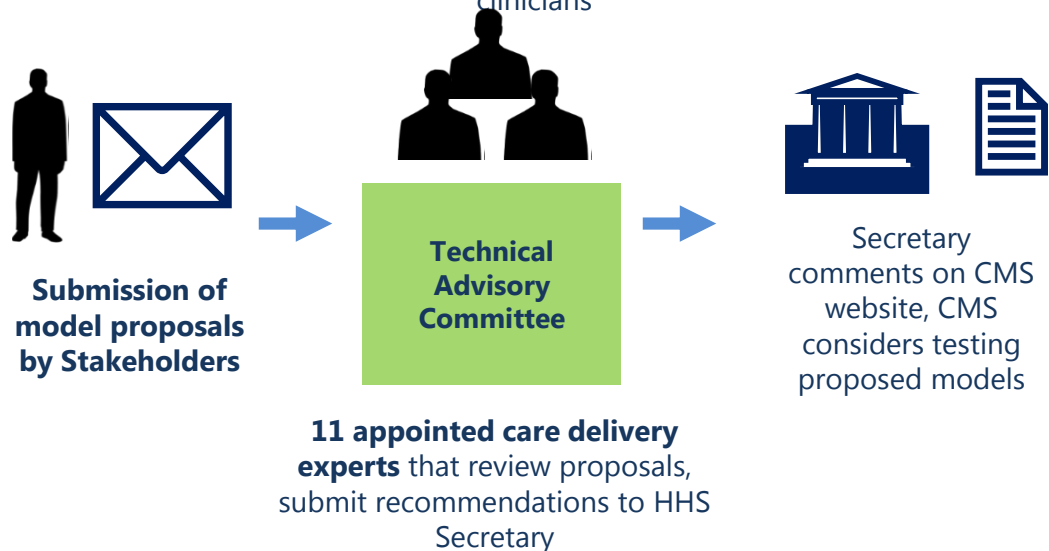
Allocates **\$20 million / yr.** from 2016-2020 to **small practices** to provide **technical assistance** regarding MIPS performance criteria or transitioning to an APM.

Creates an advisory committee to help promote development of
Physician-Focused Payment Models

Independent PFPM Technical Advisory Committee

PFPM = **Physician-Focused Payment Model**

Goal to encourage new **APM options** for Medicare clinicians



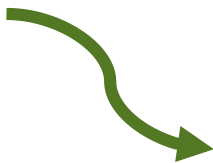
For more information on the PTAC, go to: <https://aspe.hhs.gov/ptac-physician-focused-payment-model-technical-advisory-committee>

PROPOSED RULE

Physician-focused Payment Model (PFPM)

Proposed definition: An Alternative Payment Model wherein Medicare is a payer, which includes physician group practices (PGPs) or individual physicians as APM Entities and targets the quality and costs of physician services.

Proposed
criteria fall
under 3
categories



- ✓ **Payment incentives for higher-value care**
- ✓ **Care delivery improvements**
- ✓ **Information availability and enhancements**

Any PFPM that is selected for testing by CMS and meets the criteria for an Advanced APM would be an Advanced APM.

APPENDIX

What if I'm in an Advanced APM but don't quite meet the threshold to be a QP?

If you meet a **slightly reduced threshold** (% of patients or payments in an Advanced APM), you are considered a **"Partial Qualifying APM Participant" (Partial QP)** and can:



Advanced APM **Partial QP**

- ✓ CMS will publish the list of APMs that use the standard on website prior to first day of performance period
- ✓ Eligible clinicians must be included in the APM participant list maintained by CMS (as of 12/31/2017)

Opt out
of MIPS

or

Participate in
MIPS



No payment
adjustment

Receive
favorable
weights
in MIPS

PROPOSED RULE

APM Scoring Standard

Goals:

- ✓ **Reduce** eligible clinician reporting burden.
- ✓ Maintain focus on the **goals and objectives of APMs**.

How does it work?

- ✓ **Streamlined MIPS reporting and scoring** for eligible clinicians in certain APMs.
- ✓ Aggregates eligible clinician MIPS scores to the **APM Entity level**.
- ✓ All eligible clinicians in an APM Entity **receive the same MIPS composite performance score**.
- ✓ Uses **APM-related performance** to the extent practicable.

PROPOSED RULE

APM Scoring Standard



The APM scoring standard **applies to APMs that meet these criteria:**

- ✓ APM Entities participate in the APM under an **agreement with CMS**;
- ✓ APM Entities include one or more **MIPS eligible clinicians** on a Participation List; and
- ✓ APM bases payment incentives on performance (either at the APM Entity or eligible clinician level) on **cost/utilization and quality measures**.

- ✓ To be considered part of the APM Entity for the APM scoring standard, an eligible clinician **must be on an APM Participation List on December 31** of the MIPS performance year.
- ✓ Otherwise an eligible clinician must report to MIPS under the standard MIPS methods.

PROPOSED RULE

APM Scoring Standard

To which APMs will the APM scoring standard apply?

- ✓ **Shared Savings Program** (all tracks)
- ✓ **Next Generation ACO Model**
- ✓ **Comprehensive ESRD Care (CEC)**
- ✓ **Comprehensive Primary Care Plus (CPC+)**
- ✓ **Oncology Care Model (OCM)**
- ✓ **All other APMs** that meet criteria for the APM scoring standard

PROPOSED RULE

APM Scoring Standard

Shared Savings Program



Reporting Requirement	Performance Score	Weight
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Shared Savings Program ACOs submit to the CMS Web Interface on behalf of their MIPS eligible clinicians. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ The MIPS quality performance category requirements and benchmarks will be used at the ACO level. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 50%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ No reporting requirement. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ N/A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 0%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All MIPS eligible clinicians submit through ACO participant TINS according to the MIPS requirements. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ ACO participant TIN scores will be aggregated, weighted and averaged to yield one ACO level score. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 20%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All MIPS eligible clinicians submit through ACO participant TINS according to the MIPS requirements. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ ACO participant TIN scores will be aggregated, weighted and averaged to yield one ACO level score. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 30%

PROPOSED RULE

APM Scoring Standard

Next Generation ACO Model



	Reporting Requirement	Performance Score	Weight
Quality	✓ Next Generation ACOs submit to the CMS Web Interface on behalf of their MIPS eligible clinicians.	✓ The MIPS quality performance category requirements and benchmarks will be used at the ACO level.	✓ 50%
Resource use	✓ No reporting requirement.	✓ N/A	✓ 0%
CPIA	✓ All MIPS eligible clinicians submit individually according to the MIPS requirements.	✓ ACO participant individual scores will be aggregated, weighted and averaged to yield one ACO level score.	✓ 20%
Advancing care information	✓ All MIPS eligible clinicians submit individually according to the MIPS requirements.	✓ ACO participant individual scores will be aggregated, weighted and averaged to yield one ACO level score.	✓ 30%

PROPOSED RULE

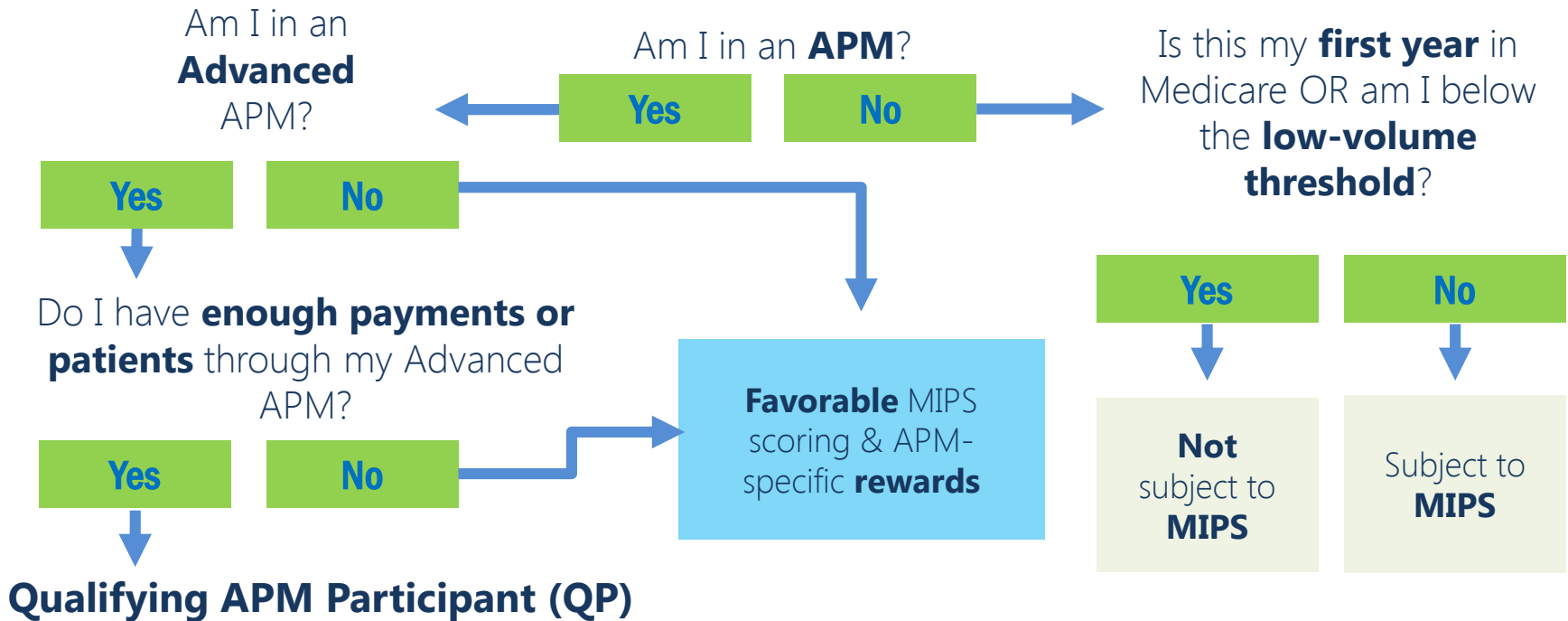
APM Scoring Standard

All Other APMs under the APM Scoring Standard



	Reporting Requirement	Performance Score	Weight
	✓ No assessment for the first MIPS performance year. APM-specific requirements apply as usual.	✓ N/A	✓ 0%
	✓ No reporting requirement.	✓ N/A	✓ 0%
	✓ All MIPS eligible clinicians submit individually according to the MIPS requirements.	✓ APM Entity participant individual scores will be aggregated, weighted and averaged to yield one APM Entity level score.	✓ 25%
	✓ All MIPS eligible clinicians submit individually according to the MIPS requirements.	✓ APM Entity participant individual scores will be aggregated, weighted and averaged to yield one APM Entity level score.	✓ 75%

How will the Quality Payment Program affect me?



- **Excluded** from MIPS
- 5% lump sum **bonus payment** (2019-2024), higher **fee schedule updates** (2026+)
- APM-specific **rewards**



Bottom line: There will be **financial incentives for participating in an APM**, even if you don't become a QP.

Disclaimer

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