



The Office of the National Coordinator for  
Health Information Technology



# Federal Health IT Strategic Plan 2015-2020

*Health IT Policy Committee*

September 9, 2015



HealthIT.gov



## **What ONC Heard from HITPC and the public on the *Federal Health IT Strategic Plan 2015-2020***

- General support for the Plan's draft vision of better health and using health information to provide better care, aid research, and improve public health, but the focus should be clearer
- Role of Individuals should be more visibly reflected in the Plan
- Emphasis on “data” and “systems” resonates less than demonstrating how individuals, communities, providers, developers, and researchers can work together, supported by more useful information
- Public desire for better program alignment, clarity on government direction

- The *Federal Health IT Strategic Plan 2015-2020* lays out the vision, goals, and collective efforts that 35+ federal partners will pursue immediately and in the coming years to advance health information technology and information use.
- The federal partners that use and influence the use of health IT are committed to work in concert to support the use of electronic information from a multitude of sources for a multitude of purposes.
- The Plan sets the broad direction that government actions will take over the next 5 years. Key federal efforts will center on high-impact initiatives, and align with important national health priorities.

## Plan revisions incorporate public comments and recommendations from Health IT Policy Committee

### *Substantive Changes:*

- More comprehensive narrative; “story” focuses on how health IT and information use can achieve important health goals
- Goal 2 combines health care delivery and public health
- New objective in Goal 1 focuses on partnerships among individuals and their providers
- Goal 4 groups Plan’s infrastructure objectives (interoperability, privacy and security, safety and safe use, technical standards, and broadband) to showcase their foundational importance and relationship to Plan and other goals’ success



## High-Quality Care

- ❖ Individuals care is patient-centered, accessible, and safe, and interventions address behavioral, social, and environmental determinants of health (*National Quality Strategy*)
- ❖ Individuals benefit from improvement and innovation, and new knowledge is captured as part of care experience (*Institute of Medicine*)

## Lower Costs



- ❖ Individuals, families, employers, and governments benefit from more affordable quality care through new delivery models (*National Quality Strategy*)



## Healthier Population

- ❖ Individuals, families, clinicians, and communities focus on prevention and wellness (*National Prevention Strategy*)

## Engaged Individuals



- ❖ Individuals are active in managing their health and partnering in their health care (ONC Person at the Center)

## Initiatives

- Delivery System Reform
- Precision Medicine Initiative
- Department of Defense Healthcare Management Systems Modernization Program Precision Medicine Initiative
- Blue Button Initiative
- Cybersecurity Infrastructure
- FDA Sentinel Initiative
- Broadband Infrastructure
- Patient Centered Outcomes Research Trust Fund
- HHS Opioid Abuse Initiative

## Plans

- HHS Strategic Plan
- Nationwide Interoperability Roadmap Implementation
- National Quality Strategy
- National Prevention Strategy
- Healthy People 2020
- National Health Security Strategy
- Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Quality Strategy
- HHS Action Plan to Reduce Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities
- National Action Plan to Improve Health Literacy
- National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services in Health and Health Care
- National Broadband Plan
- HHS Health IT Patient Safety Action and Surveillance Plan
- Federal Interagency Committee on EMS (FICEMS) Strategic Plan
- EMS Compass

### **Vision**

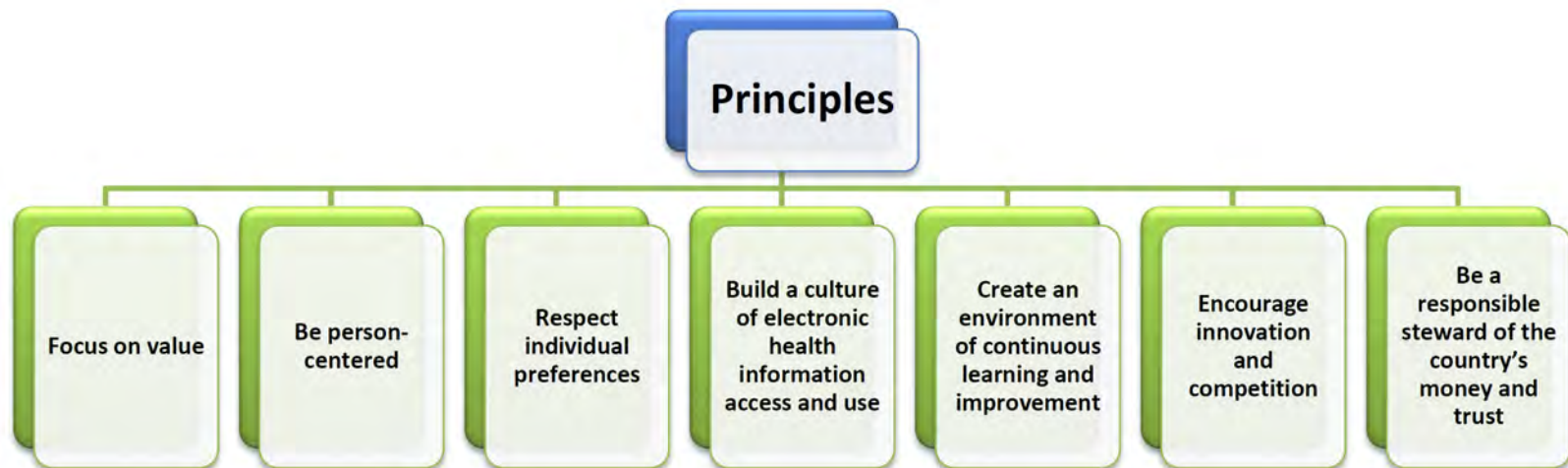
High-quality care, lower costs, healthy population and engaged people

### **Mission**

Improve the health and well-being of individuals and communities through the use of technology and health information that is accessible when and where it matters most

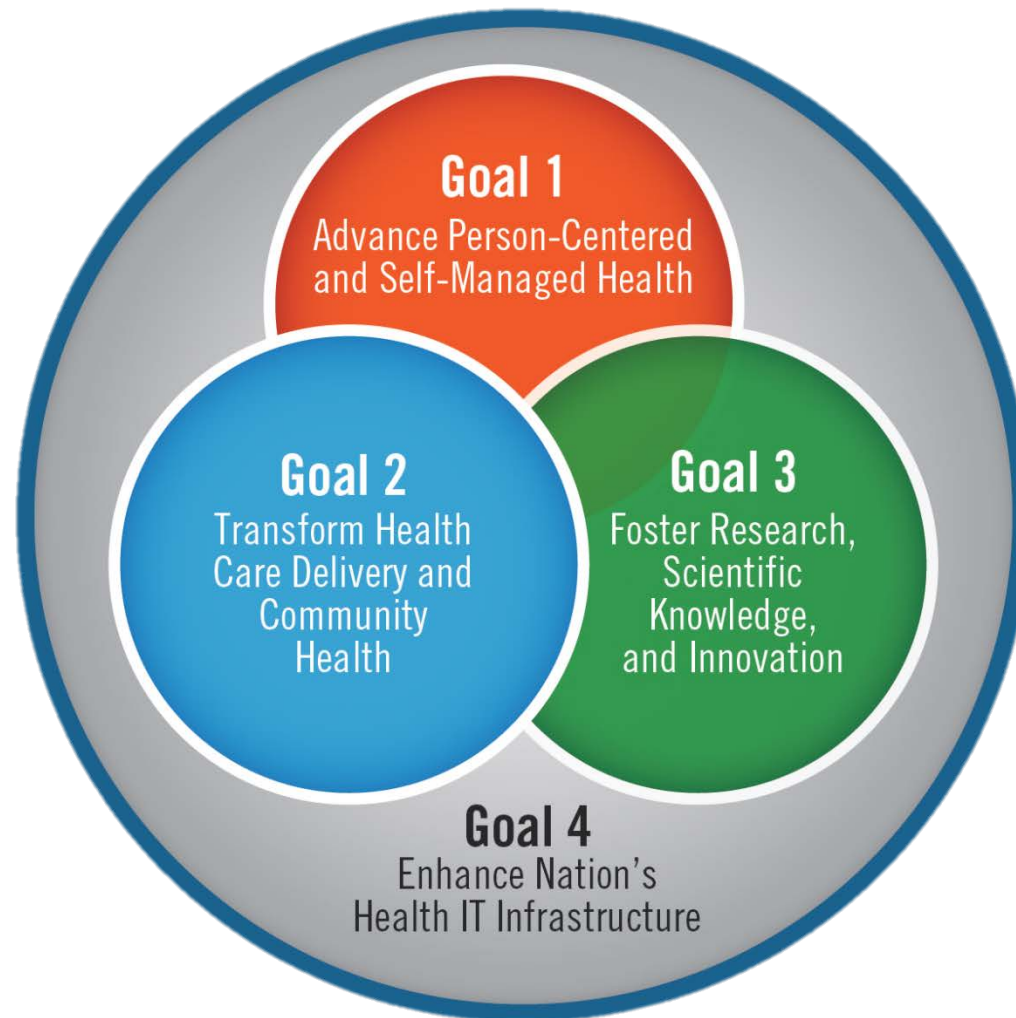


**Federal agencies will collaborate with one another and with state, territorial, local, tribal, and private stakeholders to:**



# Federal Health IT Strategic Plan

## Goals



# The Federal Health IT Strategic Plan & the Interoperability Roadmap

## Federal Health IT Strategic Plan Goals

### VISION

High-quality care, lower costs, healthy population, and engaged people

### MISSION

Improve the health and well-being of individuals and communities through the use of technology and health information that is accessible when and where it matters most



*Advancing interoperability should be grounded in a broader health IT strategy to achieve a learning health system*

- Support individuals as they strive to reach their full potential for **health**
- Fortify **cultural shifts** necessary to strengthen collaborative relationships for improving health, health care, research, innovation
- **Transform** data to information; information to knowledge; knowledge to informed action

**Goal 4**  
**Objective A:**  
**Implement the Shared Nationwide Interoperability Roadmap**



“Federal authorities and investments will seek to implement this Plan’s strategies. However, ***this is a shared undertaking***. Efforts of state, territorial, local, and tribal governments, and of private stakeholders are vital to ensure that health information is available when and where it matters most to improve and protect people’s health and well-being.”

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