U.S. Core Data for Interoperability Task Force
Draft Recommendations to the HITAC

Christina Caraballo, Co-Chair
Terry O’Malley, Co-Chair

April 15, 2019
Agenda

- Call to Order/Roll Call
- Opening Remarks and Workgroup Schedule
- Discuss HITAC Feedback from Questions
- Review and Update Final Recommendations
- Public Comment
- Next Steps and Adjourn
Patient Demographics: Questions for the HITAC

- Are there other priority use cases that should be addressed in addition to Patient Matching, Clinical Care, and Identity Verification?
- How should we assess benefit and burden of proposed changes?
Patient Demographics: Feedback from the HITAC

- **Truscott:** For Care Team include “role” in patient’s care. Clarify what is meant by “vetted”. Mobile is good, since for tracking purposes an individual can always get a new number.

- **McDonald:** NPI has all stuff you want. And you need a unique identifier for the user. For identifying purposes, cell phones can still be shared between, for example, a husband and wife.

- **Malec:** Length and Height – as a developer, it complexifies and may be overkill. Identifier – need to ensure they are appropriately scoped.
### Patient Demographics: Data Element Recommendations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ONC Proposed Data Element</th>
<th>USCDI Task Force Recommendations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Address**               | • Use standardized format and content for current Address and prior addresses  
                            - See AHIMA (including use of USPS) and current requirements for CEHRTs for applicable standards (AHIMA:  
                            - Consider an international standard |
| **Phone Number**          | • Use mobile phone number as primary; include “if child, indicate phone number as parent/guardian”  
                            • Landline as secondary |
# Patient Demographics: Additional Recommendations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ONC Proposed Data Element</th>
<th>USCDI Task Force Recommendations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address</td>
<td>• Add preferred e-mail address</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Other                     | • Add a section for “Pediatric Demographics”:  
|                           |   - Contact information for individual(s) with consent authority  
|                           |   - Multiple addresses for parents, school, guardian  
|                           | • Consider adding optional identifiers such as:  
|                           |   - Last four digits of SSN  
|                           |   - Vetted IDs such as: State driver’s license, State issued ID, Passport number, Military ID  
|                           |   - Direct address  
|                           | • Add a designation for individuals experiencing homelessness including displaced persons and refugees. Bring to USCDI once standards exist  
|                           | • Add self-reported gender identity  |
Patient Demographics: Discussion of Recommendations

• Three principal use cases: Patient Matching, Clinical Care, and Identity Verification.
• Standard address including past addresses is a reasonable addition.
• Mobile phone number is one of the most stable patient identifiers.
• Future iterations of USCDI should consider biometrics, but they cannot be supported at this time.
• A Pediatric demographic set recognizes an immediate need of service providers to provide clinical care.
• Secondary attributes as complements to matching logic in USCDI are valuable and will facilitate downstream matching and linking.
• It is the opinion of the Task Force that the benefits of the proposed changes outweigh the burdens of implementation.
Provenance: Questions for the HITAC

- Is a unique identifier necessary for each data element?
- Should provenance be used to track a data element across multiple sites or is it sufficient to establish provenance between the current sender and receiver?
- If using a persistent identifier for each data element, do we need to know the entire history beginning with generation of the data element and each time it was exchanged, or just that it came from a trusted source in the last transmission?
- Does the proposed standardized metadata template adequately address provenance?
Provenance: Feedback from the HITAC

- **Lane**: Clarify source organization vs author, and original author vs last touch (for example, a note has a clear author, whereas blood pressure may not).

- **Malec**: Want both a stable ID and change/versioning ID. E.g., where did it come from and who touched it last? Organization and “author” will vary by data type (dig up draft of permitted authors by data type grid). Stable “identifier” vs stable “identity”. Provide more detail about “entity”, “organization”, “author”, “source”.

- **TerMaat**: Make “agent/entity” more consistent, clarify exact identity. Does Organization supersede agent/entity? Start with limited use cases: Meds and Labs (McDonald disagrees). Bad for workflow to constantly have agent/entity/(other) popping up as a selection, that should be housed in EHR product; need to figure out consistency among different specifications of same EHRs. Organization ID crucial to figure out.

- **Truscott**: When stating a standard, use their nomenclature. As first step use the “organization” that created the data element, agent as second step.
Provenance: Feedback from the HITAC - continued

- **Lane**: Author vs Source/Agent – TF is suggesting that you just start with Organization as opposed to Author. Either it gets way more complex or if we have time to deal with that level of detail. Very difficult to define level of author. If you're versioning the data that it goes back to the same ID so that you can connect latest version of that id with current version of id.

- **TerMaat**: Agree with needing a stable id with a version identifier. What is expected for Agent/Entity for USCDI? If they’re not done consistently whether or not they’ll be helpful. For this to be implemented on a way that is useful we’ll need clear guidance on how it can be done meaningful. Focus on uses cases, notes, etc.

- **McDonald**: Doesn’t agree. The what is in the record. Unique identifier is to get rid of clutter. On unique ID/observation ID/oid, need HL7 discussion. If you can nail the organization – say it’s got to be an NPI – hospitals as well. It’s a possibility you can use the ID or an equivalent one – their in the resource if you carry as a separate field forward.
## Provenance: Data Element Recommendations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ONC Proposed Data Element</th>
<th>USCDI Task Force Recommendations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Author</td>
<td>• Use “Agent/Entity” in place of “Author”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Author’s Time Stamp</td>
<td>• Use “Agent/Entity” Time Stamp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Author’s Organization</td>
<td>• Use “Agent/Entity” Organization to include name and location</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Provenance: Additional Recommendations

<table>
<thead>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Author</td>
<td>• Consider more granular descriptions in later iterations for role of agent, agent type, agent identifier (NPI), reason, and signature (e.g., Vital signs collected at home vs pharmacy vs clinic vs hospital by MD vs RN vs Aide)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Author Organization</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Other                     | • Create a unique and persistent identifier for each “instance” or “observation” to include:  
  - The observation or instance type (e.g. lab, prescription, clinical note)  
  - The “Agent/Entity” that generates the observation  
  - The Time-stamp indicating when it was created  
  - The local identification code assigned by the “Agent/Entity”  
  • This will require the creation of a new metadata field |
Provenance: Discussion of Recommendations

- The Task Force recommends that the initial requirements for Provenance start with **who** (“Agent/Entity” which subsumes “Author /Author Organization) is responsible for its accuracy and **when** (time stamp: date/time) the instance or observation was created.

- The third component, the **what** (similar to what is found in the “observation” field), is a new addition to the ONC proposal. It applies to the type of data involved.

- The data element type should already be included by the observation category although the choices may need to be expanded.

- Subsequent versions can be expanded as needed to include other observation attributes.

- We propose to use Provenance to create a unique and persistent identifier for each instance and observation, essential for the “Deduplication” use case.

- This unique identifier may require a new metadata field.

- We chose “Agent/Entity” instead of “Author” because it is more general.
  - All authors are “Agents/Entities”, but not all “Agents/Entities” are authors.
  - “Agents/Entities” can include machines, data aggregators.
Clinical Notes: Questions for the HITAC

• Does the addition of all standardized C-CDA notes add undue burden?
Clinical Notes: Feedback from the HITAC

- **Lane**: Adding full range of C-CDA notes makes sense- using portions of a standard is unnecessarily complex, so just pointing to C-CDA is better.

- **Truscott**: In 10 years FHIR will have taken over, so don’t want to recommend something that will be a limitation.

- **Malec**: Add “unstructured note” type given the growing number of non-templated exchanges (e.g. price). When considering semantic, have to factor in standards adherence, certification, and that some report types are not applicable to all EHRs. Need export mechanism.

- **Posnack**: Some document types are available in standards but are not widely implemented, so don’t have that implementation experience. Do we want to force implementation when the market hasn’t found value?

- **McDonald**: On the other hand, given the value of some of these notes to non-Eps is it reasonable to push a tipping point?
# Clinical Notes: Data Element Recommendations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ONC Proposed Data Element</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consultation Note</td>
<td>• Adopt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discharge Summary Note</td>
<td>• Adopt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History &amp; Physical</td>
<td>• Adopt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imaging Narrative</td>
<td>• Adopt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laboratory Report Narrative</td>
<td>• Adopt (clarify use restricted to special reports and narrative)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pathology Report Narrative</td>
<td>• Adopt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procedure Note</td>
<td>• Adopt (clarify whether this includes the “Operative Note”)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progress Note</td>
<td>• Adopt</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Clinical Notes: Additional Recommendations

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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>• Amend “Data Element” to “Note” or “Document”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology

**Health IT Advisory Committee – U.S. Core Data for Interoperability Task Force**
Clinical Notes: Discussion of Recommendations

• Some standardized C-CDA Note and Document types were omitted from original list.
  » Among those, the Transfer Summary Note is a better structure for assuring continuity of care than the Discharge Summary which is a regulatory requirement.

• New note types which reflect the clinical and communication needs of clinicians and service providers who are not hospital based or in ambulatory care practices. Their needs are not adequately represented by the original list.
  » Advance Care Planning and Reconciled Medication List are valuable as separate notes even though they might be included in other HL7 documents.
  » The Long Term Services and Supports Care Plan is currently in ballot at HL7. It will provide the communication bridge between medical and supportive services.
On the question of whether to provide raw data and expect the receiver to perform a calculation, or to have the sender perform the calculation and send the result, what does the HITAC prefer?
Pediatric Vital Signs: Feedback from the HITAC

• *Jain*: If patient receives the information (e.g. in an after visit summary) then that information has to be available to exchange with other providers. Expecting systems to calculate downstream is a mistake, so send raw data and calculations.

• *Lane*: When looking at a growth chart, there are so many data points and examples – what is cost/benefit of storing so much data? Calculating is low-level programming. If a system stores values then send them, why store something of low value. And if your system store percentiles, calculate for everything not just BMI.

• *McDonald*: Send it if you got it.
### Pediatric Vital Signs: Data Element Recommendations

<table>
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<tr>
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</table>
| BMI percentile per age and sex for youth 2-20                 | • Omit.  
• Do not require sharing of values that are calculated from core data. Provide the core data instead. |
| Weight for age per length and sex                             | • Omit.  
• Amend data element to read “Weight for length percentile by age and sex for youth 2-20”.  
• Do not require sharing of values that are calculated from core data. Provide the core data instead. |
| Occipital-frontal circumference < 3 years old                 | • Adopt                                                                                       |
# Pediatric Vital Signs: Additional Recommendations

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>• Add “length” to the pediatric vital signs as a complement to “height”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Explicitly declare that the current USCDI Vital Signs apply to all age groups</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Calculated values such as percentiles for age, gender are important, and when/if they’re required, they should apply to all Vital Signs</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Pediatric Vital Signs: Discussion of Recommendations

• There was a divergence of opinion regarding the requirement to calculate and then share important pediatric measures such as percentiles, BMI.

• One group held that by providing the raw data (height, weight, length, etc.) the receiving system could calculate these values in a way that is consistent with their usual practice thereby avoiding the exchange of data that might be calculated using different nomograms and data sets. As an example please see https://apps.smarthealthit.org/app/growth-chart

• The other group felt that there would be value especially for patients and parents to have this information because they are unlikely to have the functionality to calculate and trend these data.

• The compromise was to encourage sites that already calculate and store this information to share it with the other vital signs.

• There are SMART on FHIR apps to do these calculations.
Additional Recommendations: Questions for the HITAC

Are there additional comments on:

- Provider demographics
- Required pediatric assessments
- Quality reporting standard
### Additional Data Element Recommendations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>USDCI Taskforce Recommendations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| • Provider Demographics (under Care Team in current draft) | • Name  
• Role in the care of the patient  
• Specialty/Training  
• Contact Information  
• Identifier - NPI  
• Expand in future to include active areas of responsibility |
| • Consideration given to creating a standard quality query/response template for eCQMs | • Query contains metric specifications (numerator, denominator, exclusions, data elements)  
• Response via a structured template  
• Goal is to measure quality metrics in the background |
| • Medicaid mandated pediatric measurements | • Hearing screen  
• Developmental assessments  
• Vision screening |
Discussion of Additional Recommendations

- Provider demographics are an important component of the Care Plan and enable the assignment of specific care plan responsibilities to a specific provider.
- Additional Pediatric measures which are part of Medicaid required reporting. Creates the platform for automated reporting and supports good clinical care.
- Quality measurement is its own category. Given its importance as a lever to improve clinical care, USCDI could help create a platform for quality measurement by implementing standardized query/response documents.
## Work Plan – Phase 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Meeting Date</th>
<th>Potential Discussion Items</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>February 20, 2019</td>
<td>• HITAC – Announce USCDI Task Force charge</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| March 5, 2019      | • Kickoff Meeting for Phase 1  
                      | • Discuss Patient Demographics Data Elements                         |
| March 11, 2019     | • Discuss Provenance Data Elements                                   |
| March 19, 2019     | • HITAC – Present progress on draft recommendations                  |
| March 25, 2019     | • Discuss Clinical Notes                                             |
| April 1, 2019      | • Discuss Pediatric Vital Signs Data Elements                        |
|                    | • Draft recommendations                                              |
| April 5, 2019      | • Update and refine recommendations                                  |
| April 10, 2019     | • HITAC – Present draft recommendations                             |
| April 15, 2019     | • Finalize recommendations                                           |
| April 25, 2019     | • HITAC – Present final recommendations                             |
To make a comment please call:

Dial: 1-877-407-7192

*(once connected, press "*1" to speak)*

All public comments will be limited to three minutes.

You may enter a comment in the "Public Comment" field below this presentation.

Or, email your public comment to onc-hitac@accelsolutionsllc.com.

Written comments will not be read at this time, but they will be delivered to members of the Workgroup and made part of the Public Record.
Meeting Adjourned
The Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology

A SET OF DATA CLASSES TO SUPPORT NATIONWIDE INTEROPERABILITY

The USCDI Version 1 (USCDI v1) is proposed as a standard (§ 170.213). It reflects the same data classes referenced by the CCDS definition and includes new required data classes and data elements, noted below.

**USCDI v1**

Data Elements in blue are already included in the 2015 Common Clinical Data Set (CCDS).

Data Elements in pink are those for which ONC seeks recommendations in the Phase 1 charge.

**Assessment and Plan of Treatment**
- Consultation Note
- Discharge Summary Note
- History & Physical
- Imaging Narrative
- Laboratory Report Narrative
- Pathology Report Narrative
- Procedure Note
- Progress Note

**Care Team Members**

**Clinical Notes**
- Consultation Note
- Discharge Summary Note
- History & Physical
- Imaging Narrative
- Laboratory Report Narrative
- Pathology Report Narrative
- Procedure Note
- Progress Note

**Laboratory**
- Tests
- Values/Results

**Medications**
- Medications
- Medication Allergies

**Goals**
- Patient Goals

**Health Concerns**

**Immunizations**

**Problems**

**Provenance**
- Author
- Author Time Stamp
- Author Organization

**Smoking Status**

**Unique Device Identifier(s) for a Patient’s Implantable Device(s)**

**Vital Signs**
- Diastolic Blood Pressure
- Systolic Blood Pressure
- Body Height
- Body Weight
- Heart Rate
- Respiratory Rate
- Body Temperature
- Pulse oximetry
- Inhaled oxygen concentration
- Pediatric Vital Signs
  - BMI percentile per age and sex for youth 2-20
  - Weight for age per length and sex
  - Occipital-frontal circumference for children < 3 years old

**Patient Demographics**
- First Name
- Last Name
- Previous Name
- Middle Name (including middle initial)
- Suffix
- Birth Sex
- Date of Birth
- Race
- Ethnicity
- Preferred Language
- Address
- Phone Number

**Procedures**

**Provenance**
- Author
- Author Time Stamp
- Author Organization

If adopted, health IT developers will need to update their certified health IT to support the USCDI for all certification criteria affected by this change.
General Principles

• Be parsimonious with recommendations for new elements

• Divide recommendation into two groups:
  » Those that can be implemented now using current CEHRT functionality
  » Those that will require new functionality or programming

• Each section is organized as follows:
  » Slide 1: Displays ONC recommendations with Task Force response
  » Slide 2: Additional Task Force recommendations
  » Slide 3: Justification and discussion of proposed recommendations
Task Force Phase 1 Charge

- **Principal Charge for Phase 1:** Review the newly specified Data Elements proposed in the USCDI v1

- **Specific Charge:** Provide recommendations on the following:
  - Inclusion of New Patient Demographics Data Elements
  - Inclusion of Provenance Data Elements
  - Inclusion of Clinical Notes Data Elements
  - Inclusion of Pediatric Vital Signs Data Elements
  - Missing Data Elements within Proposed Data Classes
# Task Force Members

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Name</th>
<th>Last Name</th>
<th>Organization</th>
<th>Organization Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Christina</td>
<td>Caraballo</td>
<td>Audacious Inquiry</td>
<td>Consultant/Patient Advocacy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terrence</td>
<td>O’Malley</td>
<td>Massachusetts General Hospital</td>
<td>Health &amp; Hospital Organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tina</td>
<td>Esposito</td>
<td>Advocate Healthcare</td>
<td>Health &amp; Hospital Organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valerie</td>
<td>Grey</td>
<td>New York eHealth Collaborative</td>
<td>Health IT Organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ken</td>
<td>Kawamoto</td>
<td>University of Utah Health</td>
<td>Health &amp; Hospital Organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steven</td>
<td>Lane</td>
<td>Sutter Health</td>
<td>Health &amp; Hospital Organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leslie</td>
<td>Lenert</td>
<td>Medical University of South Carolina</td>
<td>Health &amp; Hospital Organization</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clem</td>
<td>McDonald</td>
<td>National Library of Medicine</td>
<td>Federal</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brett</td>
<td>Oliver</td>
<td>Baptist Health</td>
<td>Health &amp; Hospital Organization</td>
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<tr>
<td>Steve</td>
<td>Ready</td>
<td>Norton Healthcare</td>
<td>Health &amp; Hospital Organization</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sheryl</td>
<td>Turney</td>
<td>Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield</td>
<td>Health IT Technology</td>
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<td>Stacy</td>
<td>Perchem</td>
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<tr>
<td>Adam</td>
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<td>ONC</td>
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<tr>
<td>Johnny</td>
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