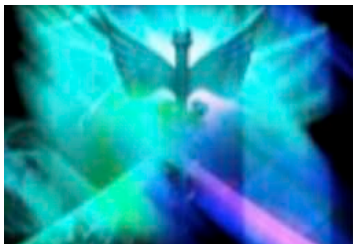


Data Standardization: Looking Forward in Post-Acute Care

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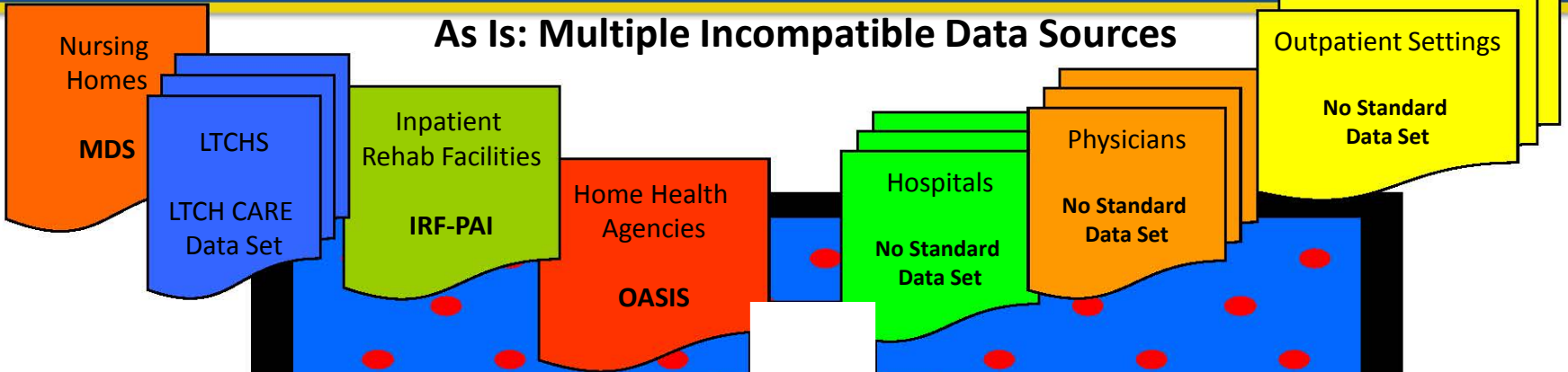


As Is

Transition

To Be

As Is: Multiple Incompatible Data Sources



GOAL:

Uniform Data Elements
Across Providers
Standardized
Nationally Vetted

To Be: Uniform Assessment Data Elements

- ✓ Enable Use/re-use of Data
 - Exchange Patient-Centered Health Info
 - Promote High Quality Care
 - Support Care Transitions
 - Reduce Burden
 - Expand QM Automation
 - Support Survey & Certification Process
 - Generate CMS Payment

Standardized Assessment Data Collection Vehicles

- Minimum Data Set (MDS)
- Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility Patient Assessment Instrument (IRF PAI)
- Outcome and Assessment Information Set (OASIS)
- Long-term Care Hospital Continuity Assessment Record and Evaluation Data Set (LTCH CARE Data Set)
- Hospice Item Set (HIS)

MDS

- Section 1819 of the 1983 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh)
 - Specify a minimum data set of core elements and common definitions for use by **nursing facilities** in conducting the assessments required under subsection (b)(3), and establish guidelines for utilization of the data set;
 - The Federal Nursing Home Reform Act from the 1987 Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA) creates a set of national minimum set of standards of care and rights for people living in certified nursing facilities.

OASIS

- The **home health** Outcome and Assessment Information Set (OASIS) collection regulations (1999 HCFA-3007-F) and (1999 HCFA-3006-IFC) announced the effective date for the mandatory use, collection, encoding, and transmission of OASIS data for all Medicare/Medicaid patients receiving home health skilled services

IRF PAI

- Section 4421 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (Public Law 105-33), as amended by section 125 of the Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Balanced Budget Refinement Act of 1999 (Public Law 106-113), and by section 305 of the BIPA:
 - Authorizes the implementation of a per discharge prospective payment system (PPS), through section 1886(j) of the Social Security Act, for inpatient rehabilitation hospitals and rehabilitation units - referred to as **inpatient rehabilitation facilities (IRFs)**.
 - The IRF PPS will utilize information from a patient assessment instrument (IRF PAI) to classify patients into distinct groups based on clinical characteristics and expected resource needs.
 - Separate payments are calculated for each group, including the application of case and facility level adjustments.

LTCH CARE Data Set

- In accordance with section 1886(m)(5) of the Act, as added by section 3004(a) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, the Secretary established the Long-Term Care Hospital Quality Reporting (LTCHQR) Program.
- LTCH CARE Data Set used for electronic submission to CMS standardized assessment data elements
- Hybrid of Best in Class uniform data elements from the MDS version 3.0 and the Continuity Assessment Record and Evaluation (CARE) Tool
- Implemented on October 1, 2012

CARE: Background

- **2000: Benefits Improvement & Protection Act (BIPA)**
 - mandated standardized assessment items across the Medicare program, to supersede current items
- **2005: Deficit Reduction Act (DRA)**
 - Mandated the use of standardized assessments across acute and post-acute settings
 - Established Post-Acute Care Payment Reform Demonstration (PAC-PRD) which included a component testing the reliability of the standardized items when used in each Medicare setting
- **2006: Post-Acute Care Payment Reform Demonstration requirement:**
 - Data to meet federal HIT interoperability standards

CARE: Concepts

Guiding Principles and Goals:

Assessment Data is:

- Standardized
- Reusable
- Informative
- Communicates in the same information across settings
- Ensures data transferability forward and backward allowing for interoperability

Standardization:

- Reduces provider burden
- Increases reliability and validity
- Offers meaningful application to providers
- Facilitates patient centered care, care coordination, improved outcomes, and efficiency
- Fosters seamless care transitions
- Evaluates outcomes for patients that traverse settings
- Allows for measures to follow the patient
- Assesses quality across settings, and Inform payment modeling

Future State: Data Standardization

- Facilitates achievement of the National Quality Strategy Six Priorities, and the Three Part Aim – better care, better health, cost savings
- Facilitates an ability to evaluate the impact/quality related to transitions in care – acute, post acute, LTC, long-term services & community
- Standardizes communication across providers, service systems
- Evaluate outcomes across service delivery systems

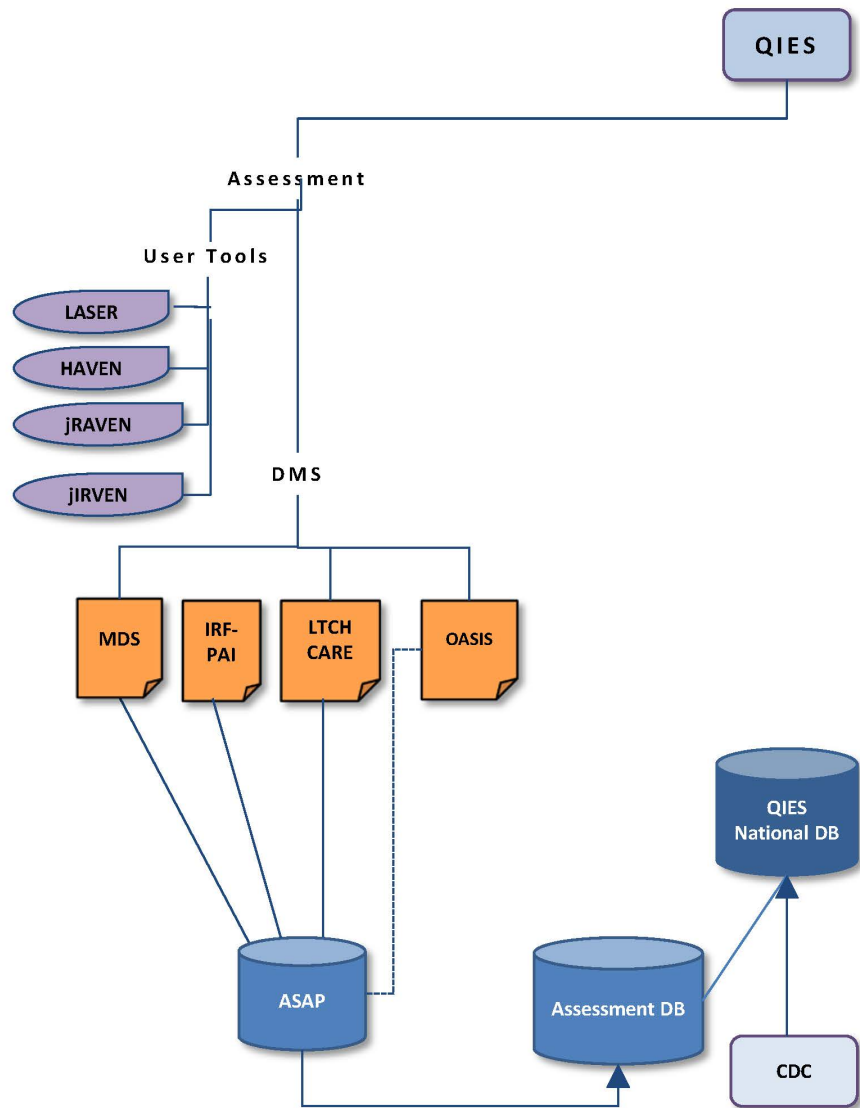
Building the Future State

- Assessment Instrument/Data Sets: use of **uniform and standardized items**
- **Measures harmonized at the Data Element level**
- Providers/vendors have public access to standards
- Data Elements are easily available with national standards to support PAC health information technology (IT) and care communication
- **Transfer of Care Documents are able to incorporate uniform Data Elements used in PAC settings, if desired**
- Measures can evaluate quality outcomes across multiple settings
- **Measures can follow the person**

Keeping in Mind, the Ideal State

- Facilities are able to transmit electronic and interoperable Documents and Data Elements
- **Provides convergence** in language/terminology
- Data Elements used are **clinically relevant**
- Care is coordinated using **meaningful information** that is spoken and **understood by all**
- Measures **can evaluate quality across settings and evaluate intermittent and long term outcomes**
- **Measures follow the person**
- **Incorporates needs beyond healthcare system**

QIES ASSESSMENT DATA



Assessment Data

- Assessment Software Development
- Assessment and Payment Initiatives
- Quality Initiatives

Assessment Software Development

- Nursing Homes – MDS 3.0
 - Skilled nursing facilities (SNFs)
 - Nursing facilities (NFs)
 - Swing beds (SBs) – non-CAHs
- Home Health Agencies (HHAs) – OASIS-C
- Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (IRFs) – IRF-PAI
- Long Term Care Facilities (LTCHs) – LTCH CARE Data Set

Assessment Software Development – MDS 3.0

- Item Sets
- Data specifications
- Error messages and reports
- VUT
- jRAVEN (RAVEN, SB-RAVEN)
- RUG-IV and RUG-III
- Care Assessment Areas (CAAs)
- MDS Active Resident Episode Table (MARET)

Assessment Software Development – OASIS-C

- Data specifications
- Error messages and reports
- HAVEN (jHAVEN & VUT - future)
- (HHRG)

Assessment Software Development – IRF-PAI

- Data specifications
- Error messages and reports
- VUT
- jIRVEN
- CMG
- QRP

Assessment Software Development – LTCH CARE Data Set

- Data specifications
- Error messages and reports
- VUT
- LASER
- QRP

Assessment Software Development - General

- User Guide Manuals
- Vendor calls
- Help Desk
- Tech email boxes
 - MDS
 - IRF
 - LTCH

Assessment & Payment Initiatives

- MDS
 - Section S – States
 - Additional items – States
 - Money Follows the Person
 - Survey & Certification
 - RUG-IV – Center for Medicare
 - RUG-III – States
 - FI extract

Assessment & Payment Initiatives

- OASIS
 - Survey & Certification
 - HHRG
 - RHHI extract

Assessment & Payment Initiatives

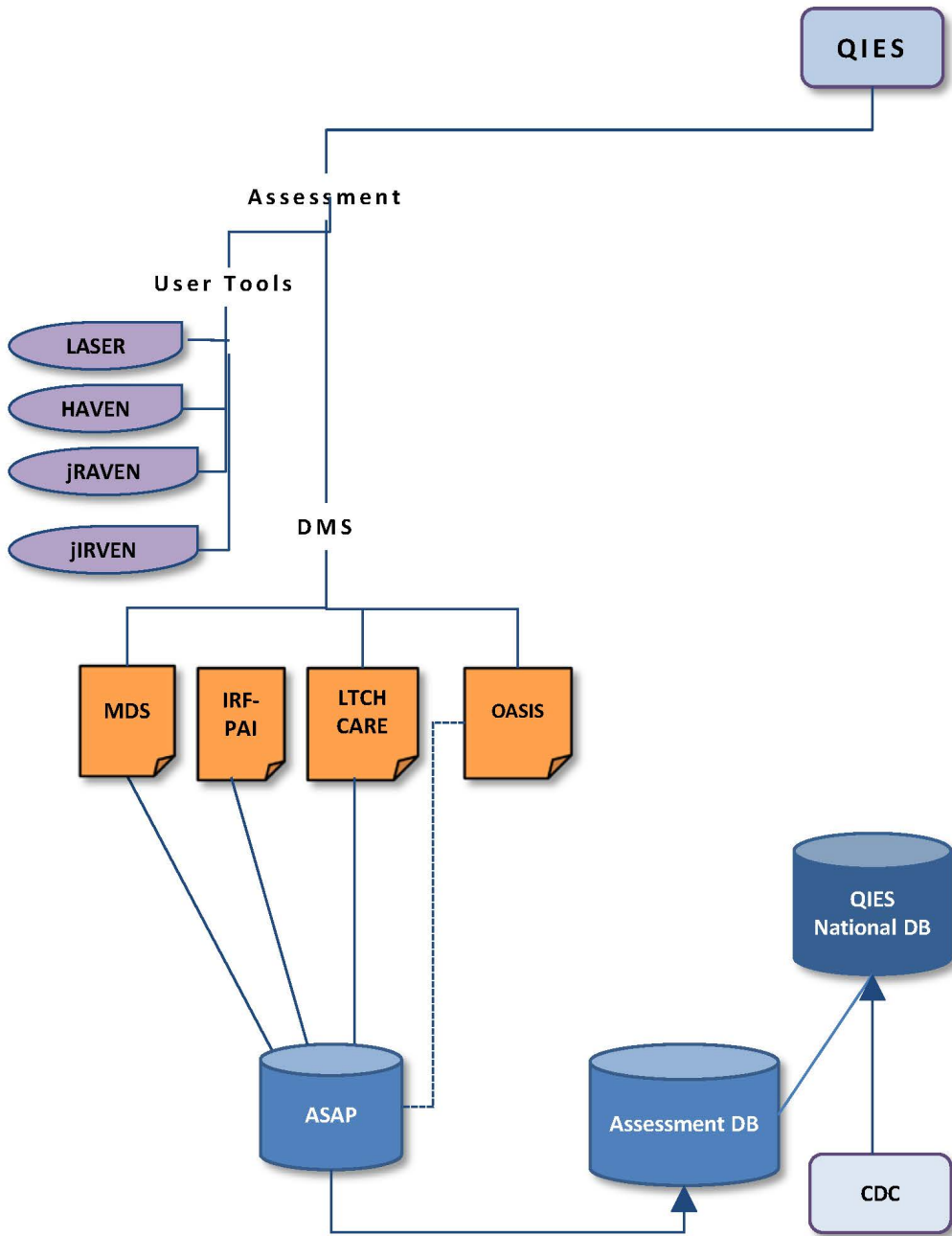
- IRF
 - Rehab eligibility
 - CMG
 - IRF viewer
 - Claims validation

Quality Initiatives

- Survey & Certification
- Nursing Home Compare
- 5-Star Program
- Home Health Compare
- HHA Pay for Reporting
- HH Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS)

Quality Initiatives

- Quality Reporting Program – ACA 3004
 - Data submitted to CMS
 - LTCH
 - IRF
 - Hospice
 - Data submitted to CDC
 - LTCH
 - IRF



MDS 3.0 Data Flow

12/27/2011

